



PERMIT CONDITIONS MANUAL

09/11

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1	DEFINITIONS	1
	Purpose and Legal Authority	1
100.	Definitions	1
CHAPTER 2	RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE	12
CHAPTER 3	RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE	12
CHAPTER 4	RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE	12
CHAPTER 5	RULES GOVERNING VLS AXLES	13
CHAPTER 6	ALLOWABLE VEHICLE SIZE	15
	Purpose and Legal Authority	15
100.	Allowable Tolerance for Legal Permitted Size Limits	16
300.	Load Overhang	16
CHAPTER 7	RESTRICTED ROUTES FOR SEMITRAILERS	19
	Purpose and Legal Authority	19
100.	Designated Routes	19
200.	Conditions of Semitrailers in Excess of 65 ft	19
CHAPTER 8	RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE	21

CHAPTER 9	PERMIT AUTHORITY AND REQUIREMENTS	23
	Purpose and Legal Authority	23
100.	Responsibility of Issuing Authority	23
200.	Authority to Issue Permits	23
300.	District Offices for Picking up Prepaid Permits	24
400.	Insurance or Bond for Extra-Ordinary Hazard	25
CHAPTER 10	PERMIT REQUIREMENTS	27
	Purpose and Legal Authority	27
100.	General Requirements	28
200.	Compliance with Other Laws and Ordinances	28
300.	Emergency Waivers	28
400.	Tow Vehicle behind Self-Propelled Vehicles	30
CHAPTER 11	RESPONSIBILITY/TRAVEL RESTRICTIONS	31
	Purpose and Legal Authority	31
100.	Responsibility of the Permittee	32
200.	Time of Travel Restrictions	33
200.04	Additional Restrictions - Holidays	34
200.05	Hours of Darkness/Daylight	34
200.06	High Commuter Traffic Restrictions	34

CHAPTER 12	SAFETY REQUIREMENTS	37
	Purpose and Legal Authority	37
100.	Lighting Requirements after Dark Travel	38
200.	Flagging Requirements	38
300.	Signing Requirements	39
400.	Pilot Vehicle Requirements	39
500.	Pilot Vehicle Sign Requirements	40
600.	Pilot Vehicle Lighting Requirements	40
700.	Pilot Vehicle Equipment	40
800.	Pilot Vehicle Placement	41
900.	Convoying of Overlegal Loads	42
950.	Pilot Car and Travel Time Requirements Map	42
CHAPTER 13	OVERWEIGHT PERMITS	49
	Purpose and Legal Authority	49
100.	General Requirements	49
200.	Maximum Overweight Levels	50
300.	Additional Weight above Allowed Maximums	51
400.	Permits for Loads in Excess of Maximum Weights	51
CHAPTER 14	SPRING BREAKUP POLICY	53
	Purpose and Legal Authority	53
100.	Type of Load Restrictions	53
200.	Weight Limits Based on Tire Size	53

201.	Width Limitation on Two Lane Road	53
202.	Speed Restrictions	54
300.	Special Permit Policy during Spring Breakup	54
400.	Legal Weight Limits Maintained on Certain Hwys	54
401.	Enforcement of Posted Weight and/or Speed	54
402.	Temporary Suspension of Posted Restrictions	55
403.	Special Allowances for Emergency and Service Veh	55
CHAPTER 15	INTERSTATE EXCESS WEIGHT PERMITS	57
	Purpose and Legal Authority	57
100.	General Requirements and Conditions	57
CHAPTER 16	NON-REDUCIBLE VEHICLE/LOADS	59
	Purpose and Legal Authority	59
100	General Oversize Limitations	60
200.	Permits for Multiple-Width or Height Loading	60
300.	Overwidth Hauling Vehicles	61
400.	Overwidth Permits for Implements of	61
500.	District Approvals	63
600.	Overlength Restrictions	63
CHAPTER 17	MANUFACTURED HOME/MODULAR BUILDINGS	
	OFFICE TRAILERS	65
	Purpose and Legal Authority	65
100.	Registration and Licensing Requirements	66

101.	Insurance Requirements	66
200.	Manufactured Homes and Office Trailers Towed	66
201.	Vehicles Towing Manufactured Homes/Office Trailers	67
300.	Manufactured Homes/Modulars/Office Trailers Hauled	68
301.	Hauling Equipment	68
400.	General Provisions	69
CHAPTER 18	RELOCATION OF BUILDINGS/HOUSES	75
	Purpose and Legal Authority	75
100.	General Requirements	76
200.	Information Required in Application	76
300.	Passing Lane must be Provided	77
350.	Vertical Clearance Requirements	77
400.	Time of Travel	77
450.	Insurance and Bonding Requirements	78
CHAPTER 19	ANNUAL OVERWEIGHT PERMITS	79
	Purpose and Legal Authority	79
100.	General Requirements	79
CHAPTER 20	APPLICATION FOR OVERLEGAL PERMITS	83
	Purpose and Legal Authority	83
100.	How to Apply	83
101.	Information to be Furnished by Applicant	83

CHAPTER 21	PERMIT FEES	85
	Purpose and Legal Authority	85
100.	Costs to Borne by Permittee	86
200.	Payment of Overlegal Permit Fees	86
300.	Permit Fee Account Procedures	87
CHAPTER 22	EXTRA LENGTH VEHICLE COMBINATIONS	89
	Purpose and Legal Authority	89
100.	Designated Routes	90
200.	Conditions and Requirements for Extra Length	90
300.	Overlegal Permits for Extra-Length Operations	92
400.	129,000 lb Pilot Project	93
CHAPTER 23	REVOCATION OF OVERLEGAL PERMITS	95
	Purpose and Legal Authority	95
100.	Revocations of Permit	95
200.	Permittee Responsible for Injury to Person/Property	96
CHAPTER 24	SELF-PROPELLED SNOWPLOWS	97
	Purpose and Legal Authority	97
100.	Operation of Self-Propelled Snowplows	97
CHAPTER 25	LIGHTS ON SELF-PROPELLED SNOWPLOWS	99
	Purpose and Legal Authority	99
100.	Lighting Standards for Snowplows	99

IDAHO TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

PERMIT MANUAL SUBJECT GUIDE

	<u>PAGE</u>
Application for Permit	83
Appurtenances	16
Authority to Issue Permits for State Highways and Others	23
Buildings or Houses (movement)	75
Confiscation/Revocation of Permit	95
Convoy of Oversize Loads	42
Cylindrical Hay Bales	60
District Office Locations	24-25
Emergency Movements	
Military	28
Fire, Flood, Earthquake	28
Implements of Husbandry	28
Economic	29
Disabled Vehicle	29
Spring Breakup	55
Escort/Pilot Vehicle Requirements	
Lights	40
Signs	40
Safety Equipment	40
Vehicle Placement	41
Excess Weight Permits	57
Extra Length Permits	89-93
Farm Tractors	61
Fee Account Procedures	87-88
Flagging Requirements	38
Hazardous Travel Conditions	35, 70
Heavy Commuter Traffic	34

Holidays	34
Hours of Darkness	34
House Moving Requirements	75-77
Implements of Husbandry	3, 61
Insurance Requirements	
Extra Ordinary Hazard	25
Extra Length	89
House Moves	78
Manufactured Homes, Modular Buildings and Office Trailers	66
Lighting Requirements After Dark (Oversize)	38
Manufactured Homes	3, 65-71
Hazardous Travel	70
Registration and Licensing	66
Signs	69
Speed Limit	68
Tow Requirements	67-68
Weight	66
Manufactured Homes Towing Vehicle Requirements	67
Modular Home Being Hauled	68
Off Track Computation Form	90
Blue-coded Routes	90
Red-coded Routes	90
Black-coded Routes	90
Green-coded Routes	91
Oversize Load Signs	
Vehicle and Load	39
Escort Vehicle	40
Overhang	16-17
Oversize Load Flagging Requirements and Size	38-39
Overweight / Oversize Permits	49-52, 79-82
Oversize Hauling Equipment	61
Over weight Routes	50

Permit Fees	86
Permittee Responsibility	32
Permit to be carried in Vehicle	32
Certification Load is Nonreducible	32
Movement, Loading, Parking on State Highways	33
Pilot Project Permit	93
Radio Communications for Escort Vehicles	41
Reducible Height	60
Revocation	95-96
Round Hay Bales	60
65 Feet Overall Restriction	19
Snowplows	97, 99
Speed Limits / Manufactured Homes	68
Spring Breakup	53-55
Time of Travel Restrictions for Overlegal Loads	33-35, 70, 77
Towed Personal Vehicle	30
Traffic Control Plan	33
Trailer Weight Sequence, 4000 Pounds-Extra Length	87
Vertical Clearance Requirements Houses	77
Weather Restrictions	35, 91
Wreckers	29-30
Loaded weight	29
Primary & Secondary Movements	29

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 01**

39.03.01 - RULES GOVERNING DEFINITIONS REGARDING OVERLEGAL PERMITS

000.LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule is adopted under the authority of Section 40-312, Idaho Code. (10-2-89)

001.TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Overlegal Permits", IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 01. (7-1-11)T

02. Scope. This rule gives the definitions for terms used in rules in Title 03 regarding overlegal permitting. (7-1-11)T

002.WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (7-1-11)T

003.ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (7-1-11)T

004.INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (7-1-11)T

005.OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS.

01. Street and Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W. State Street with a mailing address of P O Box 7129, Boise, ID 83707-1129. (7-1-11)T

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (7-1-11)T

03. Telephone and Fax Numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 334-8419. (7-1-11)T

006.PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (7-1-11)T

007. -- 009.(RESERVED)

010.DEFINITIONS.

- 01. Accessories.** Additional parts of the single item load that have been removed to reduce width, length or height. (10-2-89)
- 02. Administrative Cost.** The government's cost of processing, issuing and enforcing a permit. (10-2-89)
- 03. Analysis.** A mathematical study of a vehicle or combination of vehicles and the stress they cause over bridges or specific sections of highways conducted by a professional engineer. (10-2-89)
- 04. Annual.** Twelve (12) consecutive months. (10-2-89)
- 05. Automobile Transporter.** See Idaho Code 49-102. (7-1-11)T
- 06. Base Width.** The measurement below the eaves of a manufactured home, modular building or office trailer. (8-24-94)
- 07. Boat Transporter.** See Idaho Code 49-103. (7-1-11)T
- 08. Cargo Unit.** A full truck, a semi-trailer, a full trailer, or a semi-trailer converted to a full trailer by means of a dolly or a converter gear mounting a fifth wheel. A dromedary tractor equipped with conventional fifth wheel, not stinger steered, shall be excluded from the definition of a cargo unit. (9-14-92)
- 09. Convoy.** A group of two (2) or more motor vehicles traveling together for protection or convenience. (8-24-94)
- 10. Department.** Idaho Transportation Department. (9-14-92)
- 11. Designated Agent.** An employee or relative of the farmer. (7-1-11)T
- 12. Dromedary Tractor.** See Idaho Code 49-105. (7-1-11)T
- 13. Economic Hardship.** The loss of a substantial amount of money caused by economic changes. (9-14-92)
- 14. Emergency Movement.** A vehicle or vehicle combination hauling a load traveling to the site of an emergency for the purpose of aiding in eliminating the emergency. (9-14-92)
- 15. Escort Vehicle.** See Pilot Vehicle. (7-1-11)T
- 16. Excess Weight.** Vehicle combinations hauling reducible loads operating on Interstate Routes with total gross loads exceeding eighty thousand (80,000) pounds but not to exceed twenty thousand (20,000) per single axle, thirty-four thousand (34,000) per tandem, not to exceed the weight limit for any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles established by Section 49-1001, Idaho Code, and not to exceed six hundred (600) pounds per inch width of tire for vehicles manufactured after July 1, 1987, or not to exceed eight hundred (800) pounds per

- inch width of tire for vehicles manufactured prior to that date as established by Section 49-1002, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 17. Extra-Length.** Any vehicle combination in excess of the legal limits but not more than one hundred fifteen (115) feet as established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code, which normally haul reducible loads. (7-1-11)T
- 18. Extra-Ordinary Hazard.** Any situation where the traveling public's safety or the capacity of the highway system is endangered. (9-14-92)
- 19. Farm Tractor.** See Idaho Code 49-107. (7-1-11)T
- 20. Gross Vehicle Weight.** See Idaho Code 49-108. (7-1-11)T
- 21. Heavily Loaded.** Exceeding legal weight or hauling a load which obstructs the driver's view. (9-14-92)
- 22. Heavy Duty Wrecker Truck.** A motor vehicle designed and used primarily for towing disabled vehicles. (9-14-92)
- 23. Height.** The total vertical dimension of a vehicle above the ground surface including any load and load-holding device thereon. (9-14-92)
- 24. Implement of Husbandry.** See Idaho Code 49-110. (7-1-11)T
- 25. Incidentally Operated.** See Idaho Code 49-110. (7-1-11)T
- 26. Legal.** In compliance with the Idaho Code on size and weight. (9-14-92)
- 27. Length.** The total longitudinal dimension of a single vehicle, a trailer, or a semi-trailer. Length of a trailer or semi-trailer is measured from the front of the cargo-carrying unit to its rear, exclusive of all overhang and any appurtenances listed in IDAPA 39.03.06, "Rules Governing Allowable Vehicle Size". (7-1-11)T
- 28. Light Truck.** See Idaho Code 49-121. (7-1-11)T
- 29. Manufactured Home.** A structure, constructed according to HUD/FHA mobile home construction and safety standards, transportable in one or more sections, which, in the traveling mode, is eight (8) body feet or more in width or is forty (40) body feet or more in length, or when erected on site, is three hundred twenty (320) or more square feet, and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein, except that such term shall include any structure which meets all the requirements of this paragraph except the size requirements and with respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification required by the secretary of housing and urban development and complies with the standards established under 42 U.S.C. 5401 et seq. Similarly constructed vehicles used permanently or temporarily for offices, advertising, sales, display or promotion of merchandise or services are included in this definition. (8-24-94)

- 30. Mobile Home.** A structure similar to a manufactured home, but built to a state mobile home code which existed prior to the Federal Manufactured Housing and Safety Standards Act (HUD Code) dated June 15, 1975. (8-24-94)
- 31. Modular Buildings.** A facility designed as a building or building section, the construction of which is constructed to standards contained in the Uniform Building Code (UBC), adopted by Section 39-4109, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 32. Non-Reducible.** A load that consists of a single piece (a machine and its accessories loaded separately is considered non-reducible also). (8-24-94)
- 33. Off-Tracking.** The difference in the path of the first inside front wheel and of the last inside rear wheel as a vehicle negotiates a curve. (8-24-94)
- 34. Office Trailer.** See definition of Manufactured Homes. (8-24-94)
- 35. Overall Combination Length.** The total length of a combination of vehicles, i.e. truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination, measured from front bumper of the motor vehicle to the back bumper or rear extremity of the last trailer including the connecting tongue(s). (8-24-94)
- 36. Overall Length.** The total length of a combination of vehicles, i.e. truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination, measured from front bumper of the motor vehicle to the back bumper or rear extremity of the last trailer including the connecting tongue(s) plus any load overhang. (7-1-11)T
- 37. Overdimensional.** Any vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 38. Overheight.** A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 39. Overlegal.** Any vehicle, vehicle combination or load which exceeds the limits established in Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 40. Overlength.** Any load non-reducible in length being hauled or towed that is in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 41. Oversize.** A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 42. Overweight.** A single vehicle or a vehicle combination hauling or towing a non-reducible load whose weight is in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1001, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 43. Overwidth.** A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)
- 44. Pilot Vehicle.** Passenger cars or light trucks equipped as specified in IDAPA 39.03.12, "Rules Governing Safety Requirements of Overlegal Permits". (7-1-11)T

45. Reducible Load. A single item or multiple items for transport which could reasonably be repositioned or physically altered so that the load conforms to legal size and weight dimensions. The determination of ability to reduce or reconfigure the load primarily depends on the intended disposition of the contents of the load upon delivery to its destination. (8-24-94)

46. Single Axle. An assembly of two (2) or more wheels whose centers are in one (1) transverse vertical plane or may be included between two (2) parallel transverse planes forty (40) inches apart extending across the full width of the vehicle. (8-24-94)

47. Special Permit. A document issued by the Idaho Transportation Department which authorizes the movement of vehicles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by Sections 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-24-94)

48. Steering Axle. The axle or axles on the front of a motor vehicle that are activated by the operator to directly accomplish guidance or steering of the motor vehicle and/or combination of vehicles. (8-24-94)

49. Stinger-Steered. A truck-tractor semi-trailer combinations where the kingpin is located five (5) feet or more to the rear of the centroid of the rear axle(s). (8-24-94)

50. Tandem Axle. Any two (2) axles whose centers are more than forty (40) inches but not more than ninety-six (96) inches apart and are individually attached to or articulated from, or both, a common attachment to the vehicle including a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between axles. (8-24-94)

51. Tridem Axle. Any three (3) consecutive axles whose extreme centers are not more than one hundred forty-four (144) inches apart, and are individually attached to or articulated from, or both, a common attachment to the vehicle including a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between axles. (8-24-94)

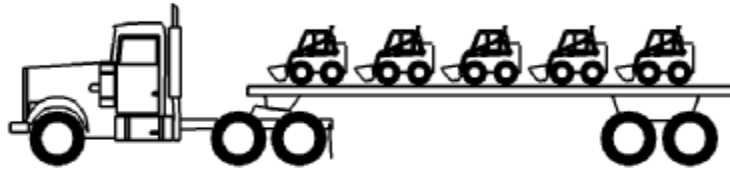
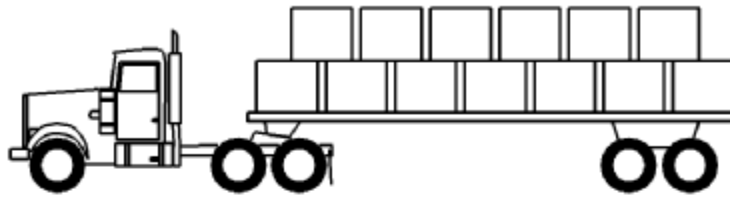
52. Variable Load Suspension Axle. See Idaho Code 49-123. (7-1-11)T

53. Vocational Vehicle. A vehicle specifically designed to enable the operator to perform specific tasks none of which are primarily for the purpose of transporting loads. Cranes, loaders, scrapers, motor graders, drill rigs are examples of vocational vehicles. (8-24-94)

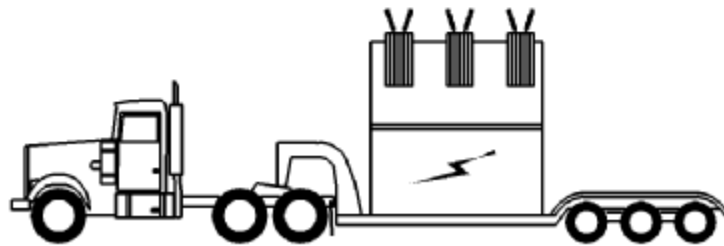
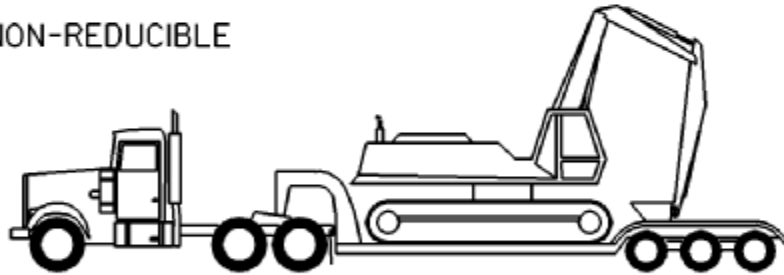
54. Width. The total outside transverse dimension of a vehicle including any load or load-holding devices thereon, but excluding any appurtenances listed in IDAPA 39.03.06, "Rules Governing Allowable Vehicle Size". (7-1-11)T

011. -- 999.(RESERVED)

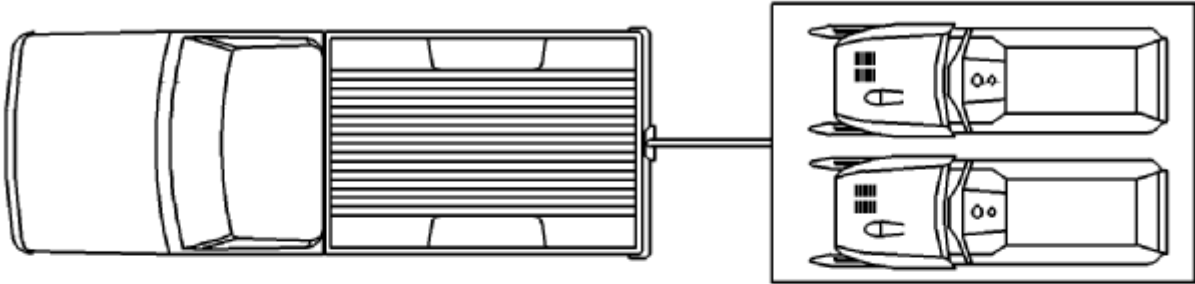
REDUCIBLE



NON-REDUCIBLE

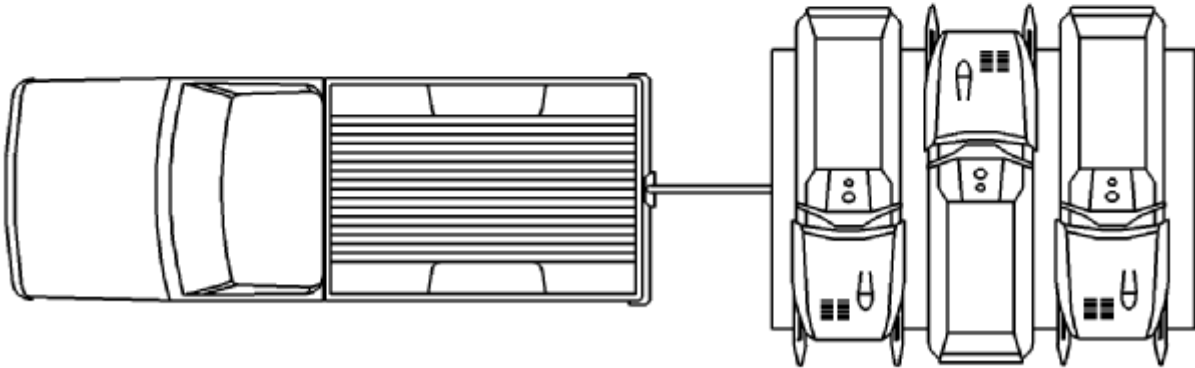


LEGAL



TRAILER WIDTH NOT TO EXCEED 8 FEET 6 INCHES

NOT LEGAL



NOT PERMITTABLE IF OVERALL WIDTH EXCEEDS 8 FEET 6 INCHES

LEGAL



TRAILER WIDTH NOT TO EXCEED 8 FEET 6 INCHES

NOT LEGAL



NOT PERMITTABLE IF OVERALL WIDTH EXCEEDS 8 FEET 6 INCHES

Chapters 2, 3 & 4 Reserved For Future Use

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 05**

39.03.05 - RULE GOVERNING VARIABLE LOAD SUSPENSION AXLES

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This Rule is adopted under authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1001, Idaho Code.
(6-30-95)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

This Rule is necessary to protect the structural integrity of the bridges and pavements on the highways of this state and to implement certain requirements of Section 49-1001, Idaho Code with respect to variable load suspension axles.
(6-30-95)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this Rule. In addition to those definitions, the following definitions apply only to this Rule and to Variable Load Suspension (VLS) axles.
(6-30-95)

01. Fully Raised. Fully raised means that the VLS axle is in an obvious raised position where the tires on such axle clear the roadway.
(6-30-95)

02. Fully Deployed. Fully deployed means that the VLS axle is supporting a portion of the weight of the loaded vehicle(s) as controlled by the preset pressure regulation device.
(6-30-95)

03. Loaded Truck. A truck or truck combination equipped with VLS axles shall be considered to be hauling a load when VLS axles need to be fully deployed to reduce loads on fixed axles and groups of axles which would otherwise exceed legally prescribed weight limits as set forth in Section 49-1001, Idaho Code.
(6-30-95)

04. Pressure Regulator Valve Seal. A device or system which provides assurance that the weight being borne by a VLS axle is in accordance with a predetermined valve setting.
(6-30-95)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. SEALING OF THE PRESSURE REGULATOR VALVE WHICH GOVERNS THE LOAD DISTRIBUTION TO A VARIABLE LOAD SUSPENSION (VLS) AXLE.

Section 49-1001, Idaho Code sets forth qualification criteria in order for a VLS axle to be included in the computation of gross vehicle or axle weight limits. One of those qualification requirements provides for the pressure regulator valve to be set and sealed by the owner of the vehicle. This Rule addresses the sealing requirement by allowing three alternatives.
(6-30-95)

01. Locked Pressure Regulator Valve. Under this alternative the pressure regulator

valve must be adequately secured by means of a key lock, combination lock, lead seal lock or other mechanical device to preclude the vehicle operator from unauthorized adjustments of the pressure regulator valve. (6-30-95)

02. Permanently Mounted Plate (Seal) Adjacent to the Pressure Regulator Valve.

Under this alternative, the plate (seal) shall be located near the pressure regulator valve and be readily accessible and visible to enforcement and compliance personnel. The plate may be an integral part of the vehicle such as the frame. The plate shall be clearly embossed with the owner specified axle regulator pressure. More than one (1) pressure setting will be allowed to be shown on the plate provided that at each pressure setting, the plate also shows the corresponding VLS axle weight clearly embossed on the plate. The pressure gauge shall also be readily accessible and visible to enforcement and compliance personnel. (6-30-95)

03. Pre-Qualified VLS Axle. VLS axles which have been pre-qualified as set forth in Section 49-1001 (6), Idaho Code and Rule 39.03.08 shall be considered to meet the requirements for sealing of the pressure regulator valve. Copies of the pre-qualification form(s) shall be kept in the cab of the motor vehicle. (6-30-95)

101. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 06**

39.03.06 - RULES GOVERNING ALLOWABLE VEHICLE SIZE

000. AUTHORITY.

This rule is adopted under authority of Sections 40-312(1) and 49-1011, Idaho Code.
(10-2-89)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be known as IDAPA 39.03.06 "Rules Governing Allowable Vehicle Size," IDAPA 39, TITLE 03, Chapter 06. (4-6-05)

02. Scope. This rule shall define and regulate the size of vehicles not specifically addressed in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code, and authorize vehicle sizes in excess of those specified in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code, in order to comply with federal requirements. (4-6-05)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (4-6-05)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (4-6-05)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (4-6-05)

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS.

01. Street and Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W. State Street with a mailing address of P O Box 7129, Boise, ID 83707-1129. (4-6-05)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (4-6-05)

03. Telephone and FAX numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 208-334-8419. (4-6-05)

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (4-6-05)

007. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (4-6-05)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. ALLOWABLE TOLERANCE, LEGAL OR PERMITTED SIZE LIMITS.

01. Determination of Vehicular Dimensions. Determination of vehicular length and/or width as defined by Idaho Code or by Board regulation shall be exclusive of those external devices or appurtenances whose function is related to safe and efficient operation. (10-2-89)

02. Appurtenances. Rearview mirrors, turn signal lamps, splash and spray suppressant devices, awnings on recreational vehicles, load induced tire bulge, and other noncargo carrying appurtenances shall be excluded from the calculation of allowable width. Front mounted refrigeration units, energy conservation devices, bolsters, mechanical fastening devices, hydraulic lift gates, external front mounted side curtain rollers, and other noncargo carrying appurtenances or devices shall be excluded from a determination of allowable length. (4-6-05)

03. Other Appurtenances. Other appurtenances not listed above may not extend beyond three (3) inches on each side or end of a vehicle or load. Other appurtenances may include, but shall not be limited to, clearance lights, door handles, handholds, window fasteners, door and window trim, moldings, and load securement devices. (10-2-89)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. DROMEDARY TRACTORS.

A truck tractor containing a dromedary box, deck or plate in legal operation on or before December 1, 1982, shall be authorized to continue to operate, notwithstanding its cargo carrying capacity, throughout its useful life. Proof of such legal operation on December 1, 1982, shall rest upon the operator of the equipment. (12-26-90)

201. -- 299. (RESERVED).

300. LOAD OVERHANG.

The overhang or extension of a load shall not extend: (9-14-92)

01. Front. More than four (4) feet beyond the front of a vehicle other than an automobile transporter or a boat transporter. (4-24-92)

02. Rear. More than ten (10) feet beyond the end of a vehicle other than an automobile transporter or a boat transporter. (5-8-09)

03. Right Side. More than six (6) inches outside the right fender of a passenger vehicle. (4-24-92)

04. Left Side. Outside the left fender of a passenger vehicle. (4-24-92)

05. Auto or Boat Transporter. More than seven (7) feet front and rear combined length of an automobile transporter or boat transporter. (4-24-92)

301. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 07**

39.03.07 - RULES GOVERNING RESTRICTED ROUTES FOR SEMITRAILERS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

The rule is adopted under authority of Sections 40-312, 49-1004 and 49-1010, Idaho Code.
(10-2-89)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

The Idaho Transportation Board is authorized to restrict certain routes for operation of semitrailers having a length of forty-eight (48) feet or less but exceeding an overall combination length of sixty-five (65) feet. This rule lists the regulation for these semitrailers. Refer to Rule 39.03.22 for operation of semitrailers exceeding forty-eight (48) feet in length. (9-14-92)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule.
(10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. DESIGNATED ROUTES.

The Department shall produce a color-coded map designating the restricted routes. Routes or portions of routes shall be added or deleted from the map when necessary due to changing conditions, such as traffic volume or construction.
(10-2-89)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS FOR SEMITRAILERS IN EXCESS OF AN OVERALL COMBINATION LENGTH OF SIXTY-FIVE FEET.

01. Overall Combination Length. Semitrailers in excess of an overall combination length of sixty-five (65) feet shall be subject to the following conditions, limitations and requirements.
(9-14-92)

02. Routes. Operation of semitrailers in excess of an overall combination length of sixty-five (65) feet shall be restricted in two (2) categories:
(8-24-94)

a. Routes restricted for travel by semitrailers in excess of an overall combination length of sixty-five (65) feet (magenta coded routes). Legal length semitrailers in excess of an overall combination length of sixty-five (65) feet are not authorized to travel on these routes. Vehicle combinations in operation prior to July 1, 1992, which were legal to operate on routes restricted to a thirty-nine (39) foot kingpin to last non steerable axle dimension shall be allowed to operate on magenta coded routes by permit with no restriction on overall combination length.
(8-24-94)

b. Routes not restricted for legal length semitrailers exceeding an overall combination length of sixty-five (65) feet (white coded routes). Legal length semitrailers in excess of an overall combination length of sixty-five (65) feet may operate on these routes without obtaining a special permit or computing off-track. (9-14-92)

201. MAP OF RESOURCES.

A map showing the color-coded designation of routes is available for distribution at the Idaho Transportation Department, Special Permit Section, Boise, Idaho, and at other locations as the Department may designate. (10-2-89)

202. -- 999. (RESERVED).

Chapter 8 Reserved For Future Use

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 09**

39.03.09 - RULES GOVERNING OVERLEGAL PERMITS GENERAL CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by Sections 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, Idaho Code, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1004, Idaho Code. (10-2-89)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.09, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permits - General Conditions and Requirements," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 09. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. This rule states the general conditions and requirements for overlegal permits. (4-5-00)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. RESPONSIBILITY OF ISSUING AUTHORITY.

01. Primary Concerns. The primary concern of the Department, in the issuance of overlegal permits, shall be the safety and convenience of the general public and the preservation of the highway system. (4-5-00)

02. Permit Issuance. The Department shall, in each case, predicate the issuance of a overlegal permit on a reasonable determination of the necessity and feasibility of the proposed movement. (4-5-00)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. AUTHORITY TO ISSUE PERMITS.

The authority to issue permits on state highways is described in Subsection 200.01. Subsection 200.02 describes the Department's authority to issue overlegal permits on local jurisdiction highways pursuant to an agreement between the Department and the local highway jurisdictions. (4-5-00)

01. Overlegal Permit. The overlegal permit authority of the Department shall cover travel on state highways only and overlegal permits issued by the Department shall be valid only on completed sections of state highway, described on the permit by route number or otherwise. The right to use county highways or city streets is neither granted nor implied. The overlegal permit authority of the Department shall include those sections of state highways within corporate limits of cities and towns, but will not include sections of state highways intersecting with local highways, when travel is occurring on the local highway(s). Contractors hauling loads within the limits of state highway construction projects do not require overlegal permits, but the loads must comply with the weight limits specified in the state highway contract. (4-5-00)

02. Authority. Overlegal permit authority agreed to by the Department and local highway jurisdiction shall include travel on the local jurisdiction's highways under the rules of this title, IDAPA 39.03.09, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permits - General Conditions and Requirements". (4-5-00)

201. -- 299. (RESERVED).

300. OFFICES FOR ISSUANCE OF OVERLEGAL PERMITS.

The Department shall maintain a centralized overlegal permit office at the Department Headquarters, making permits available by telecopy equipment at the following listed offices and Ports of Entry throughout the State. Permits will be available Monday through Friday, state holidays excluded, from 7 a.m. to 6 p.m. Mountain Time. A map indicating the location of state offices where permits can be obtained is available at the Headquarters Overlegal Permit Office, Ports of Entry and the following locations and telephone numbers: (4-5-00)

01. Headquarters

Idaho Transportation Department
Overlegal Permit Office
P.O. Box 7129
3311 West State Street
Boise, Idaho 83707-1129
(208) 334-8420 (4-5-00)

02. Idaho Transportation Department, District One

600 West Prairie
Coeur d'Alene, Idaho 83814-8764
(208) 772-1200 (8-25-94)

03. Idaho Transportation Department, District Two

26th and North and South Highway
Lewiston, Idaho 83501-0837
(208) 799-5090 (4-5-00)

**04. Idaho Transportation Department,
District Three Maintenance Office**

15503 Highway 44
Caldwell, Idaho 83606
(208) 459-7429 (8-25-94)

05. Idaho Transportation Department,

District Four Maintenance Office

115 South 550 West
Rupert, Idaho 83350
(208) 436-4630

(4-5-00)

06. Idaho Transportation Department, District Four

Date Street
Shoshone, Idaho 83352-2028
(208) 886-2411

(8-25-94)

07. Idaho Transportation Department, District Five

South of Pocatello on So. 5th
Pocatello, Idaho 83205-4700
(208) 239-3300

(4-5-00)

08. Idaho Transportation Department, District Six

206 N. Yellowstone
Rigby, Idaho 83442-0097
(208) 745-7781

(8-25-94)

**09. Idaho Transportation Department
District Six Maintenance Office**

North of Salmon on US93
Salmon, Idaho 83467
(208) 756-3313

(8-25-94)

301. -- 399. (RESERVED).

400. INSURANCE OR BOND FOR EXTRAORDINARY HAZARD.

Evidence of insurance or the posting of a bond shall be required when necessary because of loads creating an extraordinary hazard to the traveling public or to protect the public investment when a load presents an extraordinary hazard to the highway system. In such cases of extraordinary hazard to the roadway or structures, the Department may require the posting of a cash bond in such amount as to cover the maximum damage that could be expected to occur to the highway with the permittee also required to reimburse the Department for any engineering required to ascertain the extent of damages, if any, occurring to the roadway during the movement of the excessive load.

(10-2-89)

401. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 10**

39.03.10 - RULES GOVERNING WHEN AN OVERLEGAL PERMIT IS REQUIRED

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by Sections 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, Idaho Code, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1004, Idaho Code. (10-2-89)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.10, "Rules Governing When An Overlegal Permit Is Required," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 10. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. This rule lists when an overlegal permit is required and when exemptions and temporary waivers from obtaining overlegal permits are allowable. (4-5-00)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (4-2-08)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (4-2-08)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (4-2-08)

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS.

01. Street and Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W State Street with a mailing address of PO Box 7129, Boise ID 83707-1129. (4-2-08)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (4-2-08)

03. Telephone and Fax Numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 334-8419. (4-2-08)

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (4-2-08)

007. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (4-2-08)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. GENERAL.

An overlegal permit, in writing, shall be required for any movement on any completed section of highway under the jurisdiction of the Department by any vehicle or vehicles with non-reducible loads which exceed the allowable weights or sizes established in Sections 49-1001, 49-1002 and 49-1010, Idaho Code. (4-2-08)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS AND ORDINANCES.

The overlegal permit will be effective only insofar as the Department has authority for its issue and does not release the permittee from complying with other existing laws, local ordinances or resolutions which may govern the movement. (4-5-00)

201. -- 299. (RESERVED).

300. WAIVER OF LIMITATIONS FOR EMERGENCY MOVEMENTS.

Notwithstanding other provisions of these rules, the Idaho Transportation Board may waive existing permit policy limitations in the event of an emergency, subject to such limitations or special requirements as the Board may impose. (8-25-94)

01. Military Emergency Affecting National Security. Any movement by or for a military or other government agency which is in excess of permit policy maximum limits of weight or size or which is otherwise outside established rules must be certified as a military necessity involving national security before receiving any special consideration to provide any waiver of normal permit rules. Certification of military necessity must be made by an official designated as having such authority by the Department of Defense Directory, issued by the Office of the Chief of Transportation, Department of Army. All applications for military emergency movements must be channeled through the Vehicle Size and Weight Specialist, Idaho Transportation Department. (8-25-94)

02. Emergencies Endangering the Public Health, Safety or Welfare Including but Not Limited to Fire, Flood, or Earthquake. During an emergency endangering the public health, safety or welfare, there may be an urgent and immediate need for equipment and it will not be in the public interest to require that a overlegal permit be in the vehicle prior to an over legal movement. Verbal approval to proceed without an overlegal permit in the vehicle may be obtained from the Overlegal Permit Office or an Idaho Port-of-Entry. Once the emergency movement is completed, formal application for an Overlegal Permit must be submitted to the Overlegal Permit Office. (4-2-08)

03. Emergency Movement of Implements of Husbandry. It shall be considered an emergency when an implement of husbandry being operated on an official state holiday or a weekend (the Overlegal Permit Office is closed on weekends and holidays - for hours of Permit Office operation see IDAPA 39.03.09, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permits-General Conditions

and Requirements”) breaks down and needs to be taken to a dealer for immediate repair, or a dealer brings replacement equipment to the farmer that exceeds the annual permit maximum width of fourteen (14) feet - six (6) inches. Verbal approval to proceed without an overlegal permit in the vehicle may be obtained from an Idaho Port of Entry. That verbal authorization will include escort vehicle requirements based on the route of travel and width of load. Once the emergency movement is completed, the permittee shall make formal application for a permit to the Overlegal Permit Office on the first working day after the occurrence. (4-2-08)

04. Economic Emergencies. When a circumstance occurs in which an economic hardship is expected to result due to the application of existing rules or limitations, the Transportation Board may consider a petition for the temporary waiver of those rules or limitations which are perceived as being the cause of such economic hardship. (8-25-94)

05. Emergency Removal of Disabled Vehicles. Annual Disabled Vehicle permits will be issued to heavy duty wrecker trucks or other vehicles used for the emergency removal and secondary movement of disabled trucks and/or trailers or combinations and their unladen return, subject to the following rules: (4-2-08)

a. The permitted vehicle involved in the removal of disabled vehicles shall have adequate weight and traction to control the combination of wrecker and attached vehicles, and shall provide brakes to the trailer axles and stop signal and clearance lights to such towed disabled vehicles. (12-26-90)

b. Loaded weight of the permitted vehicle’s drive axle(s) will be permitted up to the basic allowable unit weight as shown on the current Idaho Transportation Department Route Capacity Map for the corresponding colored route, unless the highway route is posted with a weight restriction. The current Route Capacity Map is maintained by the Overlegal Permit Office and is available to the public from the Overlegal Permit Office and Idaho Ports of Entry. Length of the combination will be limited to the legal or permitted length of the disabled combination plus forty-five (45) feet. Width will be limited to ten (10) feet or to the permitted width of a permitted disabled over width vehicle/load. (4-2-08)

c. Time of travel restrictions shall be waived during the emergency movement of the disabled vehicles when necessary to clear the travel way. (4-2-08)

d. Emergency movement of disabled vehicles will be authorized from the point at which the vehicles were disabled to the nearest appropriate site having facilities for separation of vehicle combinations into single units unless by nature of the load it presents a hazard to the public (i.e: hazardous materials as defined by CFR 49) due to cargo security. In this event, the emergency movement shall be allowed to be transported to the nearest location where the cargo can be safely secured. Secondary movements of disabled vehicles that have been separated shall be covered by the disabled vehicles permit as long as the weight/size limits as listed in Paragraph 300.05.b. of this rule are not exceeded. Secondary movements of disabled vehicles that are overwidth and moving at night shall be required to operate in accordance with the lighting requirements as listed in IDAPA 39.03.12, “Rules Governing Safety Requirements of Overlegal Permits.” (4-2-08)

e. The permitted vehicle involved in the removal of a disabled vehicle shall be allowed (under annual disabled vehicle permit) to tow a non-disabled vehicle to the point of disablement, to replace the disabled vehicle. (4-5-00)

06. Emergency Movements After Dark or Weekends. Any overwidth load moving after dark or on weekends on a red coded route of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map must be preceded by an escort vehicle displaying a rotating or flashing amber light to warn other traffic of the presence of the hazard. Any overwidth load moving after dark on black coded routes, if width exceeds ten (10) feet, must also be preceded by such a pilot/escort vehicle. All overwidth loads moved after dark shall have the extreme dimensions marked by lights as required by IDAPA 39.03.12, "Rules Governing Safety Requirements For Overlegal Permits." Self-propelled vehicles utilized to clear the travelway of snow or debris are exempt from the provisions listed in this Subsection. (4-2-08)

301. -- 399. (RESERVED).

400. OVERLEGAL PERMITS FOR SELF PROPELLED VEHICLES.

Permitted overweight/oversize self propelled vocational vehicles (such as cranes, loaders, motor graders, drills) may tow any vehicle eight thousand (8,000) pounds or less when such vehicle is used solely for return trip after delivery of the permitted vehicle. (4-2-08)

401. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 11**

39.03.11 - RULES GOVERNING OVERLEGAL PERMITTEE RESPONSIBILITY AND TRAVEL RESTRICTIONS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by Sections 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, Idaho Code, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1004, Idaho Code. (10-2-89)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.11, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permittee Responsibility And Travel Restrictions," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 11. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. This rule states the responsibility of the permittee and the travel restrictions for overlegal loads. (4-5-00)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (3-10-05)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (3-10-05)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (3-10-05)

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS.

01. Street and Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W. State Street with a mailing address of P O Box 7129, Boise, ID 83707-1129. (3-10-05)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (3-10-05)

03. Telephone and FAX Numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 208-334-8419. (3-10-05)

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (3-10-05)

007. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. RESPONSIBILITY OF PERMITTEE.

01. General Responsibilities. The permittee shall determine and declare the gross weight, distribution of weight, and the dimensions of the vehicle and load and shall submit all other required information before issuance of the permit. The acceptance of a overlegal permit by the permittee is his agreement that the vehicle and load covered by the permit can and will be moved in compliance with the terms and limitations set forth in the permit. When a permit has been accepted by the permittee, such action shall be deemed an unequivocal assurance that he has complied, or will comply with all operating, licensing, and financial responsibility requirements. (4-5-00)

02. Permit to Be Carried in Vehicle. (1-3-93)

a. The overlegal permit must be carried in the vehicle to which it refers during the time of movement and shall upon demand be delivered for inspection to any peace officer or authorized agent of the Idaho Transportation Board or any officer or employee charged with the care and protection of the public highways. (3-30-07)

b. When the route of the permitted vehicle will not pass in the vicinity of a state operated transceiver station, the applicant may complete Form ITD-216, APPLICATION FOR OVERLEGAL PERMIT NUMBER, and provide pertinent information by telephone to the overlegal permit office. If the overlegal permit office approves the application, a overlegal permit number will be assigned to complete the Form ITD-216. Form ITD-216 will serve as evidence of intent to obtain the overlegal permit and will be honored by law enforcement subject to the officer checking with the overlegal permit office. The applicant must qualify for this procedure by obtaining a permit fee account number. The overlegal permit office will complete the Overlegal Permit Form ITD-216 and charge the fee to the applicant's permit fee account number. (IDAPA 39.03.21, "Rules Governing Special Permit Fees," Section 300.) (3-30-07)

03. Certification Load Is Non-Reducible. Upon application, the permittee must certify that steps have been taken to reduce the dimensions and/or weight of vehicle and/or load concerned in the permit to legal limitations, or if that is impractical, to reduce the excess to a minimum. (8-25-94)

04. Basic Limitations Shall Not Be Exceeded. Overlegal permits shall not be issued for vehicles or loads in excess of the maximum limitations of size or weight or which otherwise exceed the limitations for over legal loads as set forth in these rules unless exception is made by the Transportation Board, or as otherwise provided herein. (4-5-00)

05. Movement, Traffic Control Plans, Loading, Parking on State Highways.
(3-30-07)

a. The movement of over legal loads shall be made in such a way that the traveled way will remain open as often as feasibly possible and to provide for frequent passing of vehicles traveling in the same direction. In order to achieve this a traffic control plan is required to be submitted when operating on two (2) lane highways and exceeding the following dimensions:
(3-30-07)

i. Width exceeds twenty (20) feet. (3-30-07)

ii. Length exceeds one hundred fifty (150) feet. (3-30-07)

b. The traffic control plan shall be prepared by a licensed engineer or an American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA) certified traffic control supervisor and include the following information:
(3-30-07)

i. Locations and mileposts of where the vehicle/load can pull over to allow for traffic relief;
(3-30-07)

ii. How pilot cars and traffic control personnel will be utilized; (3-30-07)

iii. Identification of any railroad tracks being crossed and the emergency contact number for the governing entity; and
(3-30-07)

iv. Procedure for allowing emergency vehicles to navigate around the vehicle/load when necessary.
(3-30-07)

c. The over legal vehicle shall not be loaded, unloaded or parked, upon any State highway, except for emergencies, without the specific permission or by direction of the Department or policing agency having jurisdiction over such highway. (1-3-92)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. TIME OF TRAVEL RESTRICTIONS FOR OVER LEGAL LOADS.

Oversize loads may be transported on Idaho Highways subject to the following conditions:
(10-2-89)

01. Red-Coded Routes. Daylight travel until 2 p.m. on Friday, no Saturday, no Sunday. Due to low traffic volumes on these routes early in the mornings of Saturday and Sunday, single trip permits may be issued for dawn to 8 a.m. If the movement is not completed by 8 a.m. the permittee will be required to safely park and not proceed until the next day.
(4-5-00)

02. Black-Coded Routes. Loads not in excess of ten (10) feet wide, one hundred (100) feet long or fourteen (14) feet six (6) inches high may travel twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week; loads in excess of ten (10) feet wide, one hundred (100) feet long or fourteen (14) feet six (6) inches high may travel daylight hours seven (7) days per week.
(12-26-90)

03. Interstate. Loads not in excess of ten (10) feet wide, one hundred and twenty (120) feet long or fourteen (14) feet six (6) inches high may travel twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week; loads in excess of ten (10) feet wide, one hundred and twenty (120) feet long or fourteen (14) feet six (6) inches high may travel daylight hours, seven (7) days per week. (4-5-00)

04. Additional Restrictions. (8-25-94)

a. Red-Coded Routes: No travel for any load after 2 p.m. on the day preceding a holiday or holiday weekend. A holiday weekend occurs as three (3) consecutive days, when a designated holiday occurs on a Friday or Monday, or when the designated holiday occurs on a Saturday or Sunday, in which case the preceding Friday or the following Monday shall be included in such three (3) day holiday weekend. Travel may be resumed at dawn on the day following the holiday or holiday weekend. (4-5-00)

b. Black-Coded Routes and Interstate Routes: Loads in excess of ten (10) feet wide, one hundred (100) feet long or fourteen (14) feet six (6) inches high may not travel after 4:00 p.m. on the day preceding a holiday; travel may be resumed at dawn on the day following the holiday. (4-5-00)

c. The following days are designated as holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. (8-25-94)

d. Additional restrictions relating to movement of buildings and houses are listed in IDAPA 39.03.18, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permits for Relocation of Buildings or Houses," Section 400. (4-5-00)

e. Other time of travel restrictions may be noted on the permit due to special circumstances. (8-25-94)

05. Hours Of Darkness. Hours are defined as extending from one-half (1/2) hour after sundown to one-half (1/2) hour before sun rise or at any other time when visibility is restricted to less than five hundred (500) feet. (4-5-00)

06. Heavy Commuter Traffic Restrictions. The movement of oversize permitted vehicles or loads which are in excess of thirteen (13) feet in width, may be prohibited from movement on highways all state and interstate within one (1) mile of the city limits of the following cities: Boise, Caldwell, Coeur d'Alene, Eagle, Emmett, Idaho Falls, Meridian, Middleton, Nampa, Pocatello, Star, Twin Falls, Garden City, and Chubbuck at times of heavy commuter traffic. Authorized oversize permitted vehicles operating during hours of heavy commuter traffic shall be restricted to the furthest right hand lane. Emergency movement of vehicles/loads responding to imminent hazards to persons or property shall be exempt from the provisions of Section 200. Unless otherwise defined on the permit, the times of heavy commuter traffic shall be considered to be 6:30 a.m. to 8:30 a.m., and 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. Monday through Friday except as noted under Holiday restrictions. Restrictions to the operation of oversize permitted vehicles and/or loads during times of heavy commuter traffic shall appear either on the face of the permit or in the attachments for annual permits. (3-30-07)

07. Hazardous Travel Conditions Restrictions. Extreme caution in the operation of permitted vehicle combinations shall be exercised when hazardous conditions exist. The movement of overlegal vehicles and/or loads by overlegal permit shall be prohibited and otherwise valid permits shall automatically become invalid enroute when travel conditions become hazardous due to ice, snow or frost; when visibility is restricted to less than five hundred (500) feet by fog, dust, smoke or smog or other atmospheric conditions.(3-10-05)

08. Delaying Movement. Enforcement personnel responsible for any section of highway may delay movements and carry out enforcement action for violations involving overlegal permit operations. (4-5-00)

09. Map Resources. The Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirement Map is available at the Idaho Transportation Department Overlegal Permit Office, and Ports of Entry, and District Offices. (4-5-00)

201. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 12**

39.03.12 - RULES GOVERNING SAFETY REQUIREMENTS OF OVERLEGAL PERMITS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by Sections 49-940, 49-1001, 49-1002, 49-1004, or 49-1010, Idaho Code, is adopted under the authority of Section 49-201, Idaho Code. (3-29-10)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.12, "Rules Governing Safety Requirements of Overlegal Permits," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 12. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. This rule states the requirements for pilot cars, oversize load signs, red warning flags, and lighting. (4-5-00)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (4-2-08)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (4-2-08)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (4-2-08)

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS.

01. Street And Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W. State Street with a mailing address of PO Box 7129, Boise, ID 83707-1129. (4-2-08)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (3-29-10)

03. Telephone and Fax Numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 334-8419. (4-2-08)

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (4-2-08)

007. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (4-2-08)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERSIZE VEHICLES AND/OR LOADS TRAVELING AFTER DARK.

Those overdimensional vehicles and/or loads traveling during hours of darkness shall be required to display lights to mark the extremities of the vehicle and/or load, and shall be in addition to those clearance lights required on legal size vehicles when traveling at night.

(4-5-00)

01. Standards for Lights on Oversize Vehicles and/or Loads. (4-5-00)

a. Lights are only required on those vehicles traveling after dark. (dark is defined as one-half (1/2) hour after sunset to one-half (1/2) hour before sunrise). (4-5-00)

b. The lights must be visible from a minimum of five hundred (500) feet. (4-5-00)

c. The lights shall be steady burning. (4-5-00)

d. The color of the lights shall be as follows: (4-5-00)

i. Lights visible from the front of the vehicle or loads and the extremities in the middle or near the front of the vehicle or load shall be amber. (4-5-00)

ii. Lights visible from the back of the vehicle or load and the extremities near the back of the vehicle or load shall be red. (4-5-00)

02. Standards for Lights on Rear Overhang. Lights are required when rear overhang exceeds the end of the trailer by four (4) feet or more. (4-5-00)

a. If the overhang is two (2) feet wide or less only one (1) light is required on the end of the overhang. (4-5-00)

b. If the overhang is over two (2) feet wide, two (2) lights are required on the end of the overhang to show the maximum width of the overhang. (4-5-00)

03. Standards for Warning Lights on Towing Vehicle. Amber flashing lights displayed on a towing vehicle operating at night, shall be mounted above the cab and meet the following: Rotating or flashing beacon visible from a minimum of five hundred (500) feet.

(4-5-00)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. FLAGGING REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERSIZE VEHICLES AND/OR LOADS.

Warning flags for oversize vehicles and/or loads, excluding extra-length vehicle combinations, shall be marked by warning flags meeting the following: (4-5-00)

01. Warning Flags. Warning flags are required on all overwidth vehicles and/or loads and when the rear overhang exceeds the end of the trailer by four (4) feet or more. (4-5-00)

02. Size. Minimum size of flags is eighteen (18) inches by eighteen (18) inches. (3-29-10)

03. Color. Red or fluorescent orange. (4-5-00)

04. Placement of Flags. On overwidth vehicles and/or loads, flags shall be placed at the four (4) corners and/or extremities of the vehicle and/or load as follows: (4-5-00)

a. Front. Fastened to each front corner of the vehicle and/or load if it exceeds legal width. (4-5-00)

b. Rear. Fastened to each rear corner of the vehicle and/or load if it exceeds legal width. (4-5-00)

c. Side. Fastened to mark any extremity, when extremity is wider than the front or the rear of the vehicle and/or load. (4-5-00)

d. Overhang. If the overhang is two (2) feet wide or less only one (1) flag is required on the end of the overhang. If the overhang is over two (2) feet wide, two (2) flags are required on the end of the overhang to show the maximum width of the overhang. (4-5-00)

201.-- 299. (RESERVED).

300. SIGNING REQUIREMENTS OF TOWING VEHICLES, OVERSIZE VEHICLES AND/OR LOADS.

Oversize load signs shall meet the following specifications: (4-5-00)

01. Dimensions. Eighteen (18) inches high by seven (7) feet wide, letter height ten (10) inches, letter type standard series C, stroke width one and five-eighths (1 5/8) inch, black letters on yellow background. (4-5-00)

02. Displaying Signs. Signs shall be displayed on the front or the roof top of the towing vehicle and the rear of the oversize load. Shall be displayed on the front and back or the roof top of self propelled oversize vehicles. (4-2-08)

03. When Signs Are Required. Oversize load signs shall be required on all vehicles and/or loads exceeding legal width. Signs shall not be displayed when the vehicle is empty and of legal dimensions. (4-5-00)

301. -- 399. (RESERVED).

400. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLES.

Pilot/escort vehicle(s) shall be furnished by the permittee and shall be either passenger car(s), light truck(s) or vehicles authorized by the Vehicle Size & Weight Specialist. The light truck(s) used as pilot/escort vehicle(s) shall not be loaded in such a manner as to cause confusion to the

public as to which vehicle is the one under escort. Vehicles towing trailers shall not qualify as pilot/escort vehicles. (4-5-00)

401. -- 499. (RESERVED).

500. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLE SIGN REQUIREMENTS.

01. Oversize Load Signs. All pilot/escort vehicles while escorting and oversize load shall display a sign on the roof top of the vehicle having the words OVERSIZE LOAD. Such signs shall not be displayed and shall be considered illegal except when the pilot/escort vehicle is actually piloting/escorting an oversize load. (4-2-08)

02. Dimensions. Ten (10) inches high by five (5) feet wide, type standard series B, eight (8) inch high letters, one (1) inch stroke width, and black letters on yellow background. (4-5-00)

501. -- 599. (RESERVED).

600. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLE LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS.

01. Multiple Lights. Flashing or rotating amber lights displayed on the pilot/escort vehicle shall be mounted at each end of the required OVERSIZE LOAD sign above the roofline of the vehicle and be visible from the front and rear of the pilot/escort vehicle. These lights shall meet the minimum standards outlined under oversize vehicle and/or load lighting requirements. (4-5-00)

02. Single Light. As an alternate, a pilot/escort vehicle may display one (1) rotating or flashing amber beacon visible from a minimum of five hundred (500) feet, mounted above the roofline and visible from the front and rear of the pilot/escort vehicle. (4-5-00)

601. -- 699. (RESERVED).

700. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLE EQUIPMENT.

01. Required Equipment to Be Carried in a Pilot/Escort Vehicle. A pilot/escort vehicle shall carry the following items of equipment when piloting/escorting an overlegal vehicle and/or load. (4-5-00)

- a. Standard eighteen (18) inch STOP and SLOW paddle sign. (4-5-00)
- b. Three (3) bi-directional emergency reflective triangles. (4-5-00)
- c. A minimum of one (1) five (5) pound B, C, fire extinguisher. (4-5-00)
- d. A reflectorized orange vest, shirt, or jacket, which must be worn by the operator when working out of the vehicle. (4-5-00)
- e. Two (2) additional oversize load signs. (4-5-00)
- f. Non-metallic Height Pole for determining vertical clearances (when required). (4-5-00)

g. Valid drivers license. (4-5-00)

h. Two-Way Radio. (4-5-00)

02. Two-Way Radio. On all movements requiring a pilot/escort vehicle, both the towing unit and the pilot/escort vehicle(s) shall be equipped with two-way radio equipment licensed under Federal Communications Commission regulations adequate to provide reliable voice communication between the drivers thereof at all times during the movement of the piloted/escorted vehicle and/or load. Transmitting and receiving capabilities of the radio equipment used shall be adequate to provide the required communication over a minimum distance of one-half (1/2) mile separation under conditions normally encountered along the proposed route. (4-5-00)

03. Radio Communications. Radio communication shall be open and monitored between the pilot/escort vehicle(s) and oversize vehicle and/or load at all times during movement. (4-5-00)

701. -- 799. (RESERVED).

800. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLE PLACEMENT.

01. Front Pilot/Escort Vehicle. The movement of an oversize vehicle and/or load shall be preceded by a pilot/escort vehicle on those sections of highway where the vehicle and/or load cannot travel within its proper travelway lane. (4-5-00)

02. Rear Pilot/Escort Vehicle. As authorized by Section 49-940, Idaho Code, when the width of a load obstructs the driver's view to the rear or when traffic control is required, a rear escort shall be required to accompany the oversize load and to communicate with the driver of the permitted load concerning impeded overtaking traffic for the purpose of providing passing opportunity. (4-5-00)

03. Advance Pilot/Escort Vehicle. A third pilot/escort vehicle may be required when the load is of such extreme dimensions for the route of travel as to require holding opposing traffic at turnouts and intersections to provide for passage of the load. (4-5-00)

04. First Movement from the Forest. A pilot/escort vehicle is not required on the first movement from the forest of tree-length logs or poles if the overall length does not exceed one hundred ten (110) feet. Secondary movements must comply with the requirements stated on the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements map. (4-5-00)

05. Spacing. Approximately one thousand (1,000) feet shall be maintained in rural areas between the piloting/escorting vehicle and any oversize load. This spacing may be reduced in urban areas when necessary to provide traffic control for turning movements. (4-5-00)

801. -- 899. (RESERVED).

900. CONVOY OF OVERLEGAL LOADS.

01. Convoying Oversize Loads. Oversize loads which individually would require a pilot/escort vehicle, except overwidth manufactured homes, office trailers, may be permitted to travel in convoy with pilot/escort vehicles in front of and behind the convoy, but such convoys shall not exceed four (4) oversize loads or vehicles between pilot/escort vehicles. Maximum width of units in a convoy shall be limited to fourteen (14) feet six (6) inches on the interstate system or on black-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map and to twelve (12) feet six (6) inches on red-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map. Oversize loads which do not individually require a pilot/escort vehicle may travel in convoy without pilot/escort vehicles. Maximum length of units in a convoy shall be limited to one hundred (100) feet on red-coded and black-coded routes of the pilot/escort vehicle and travel time requirements map and one hundred twenty (120) feet on the interstate system. (4-2-08)

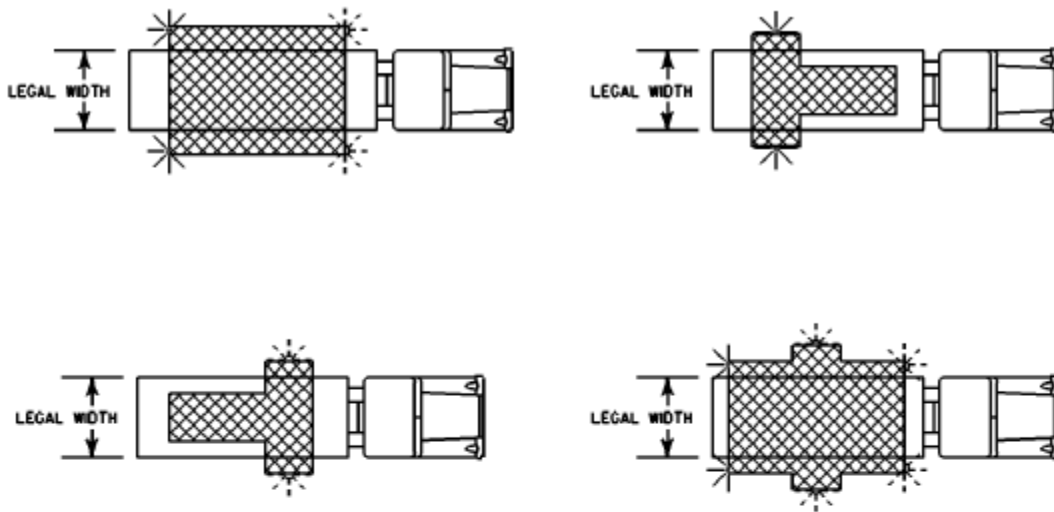
02. Convoying Manufactured Homes, Office Trailers. No convoy of overwidth manufactured homes or office trailers shall include more than two (2) units and two (2) piloting/escorting vehicles. On those routes where pilot/escort vehicles are required in front and to the rear of an overwidth manufactured home or office trailer, two (2) units may travel in convoy between such piloting/escorting vehicles. On routes requiring only a front pilot/escort vehicle, the manufactured home or office trailer mover may have the option of convoying two (2) units between front and rear pilots/escorts. At no time shall more than one (1) manufactured home or office trailer be piloted/escorted by one (1) pilot/escort vehicle. Minimum spacing of approximately one thousand (1000) feet shall be maintained between all units in a convoy except when a pilot/escort is required to control traffic in turning movements. (4-2-08)

901. -- 949. (RESERVED).

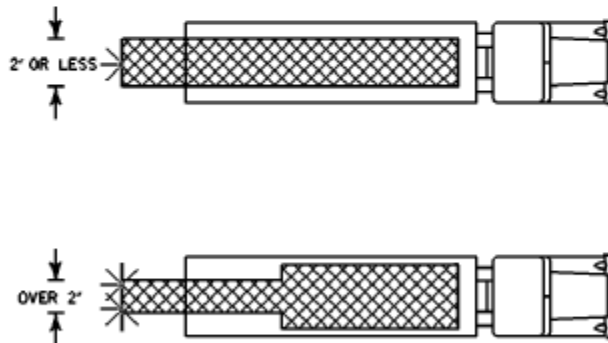
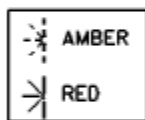
950. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLE AND TRAVEL TIME REQUIREMENTS MAP.

Color-coded maps on pilot/escort vehicle and travel time requirements for overwidth loads are available from the Headquarters Overlegal Permit Office, Ports of Entry and all Highway District offices for the information of enforcement officers and the trucking industry. The routes chosen as depicted on the Map are based on ability of the road to carry the over-all maximum width of load (not just base width) and character of the route of travel. (4-5-00)

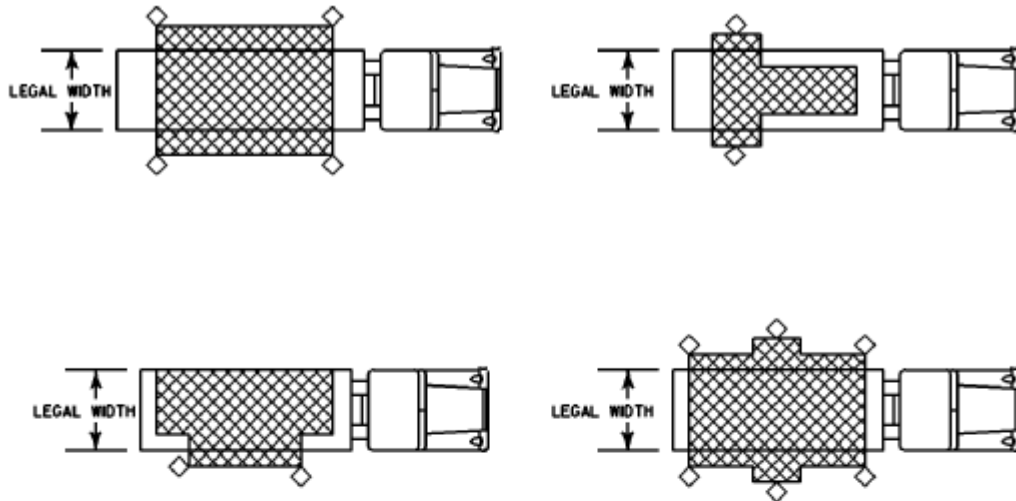
951. -- 999. (RESERVED).



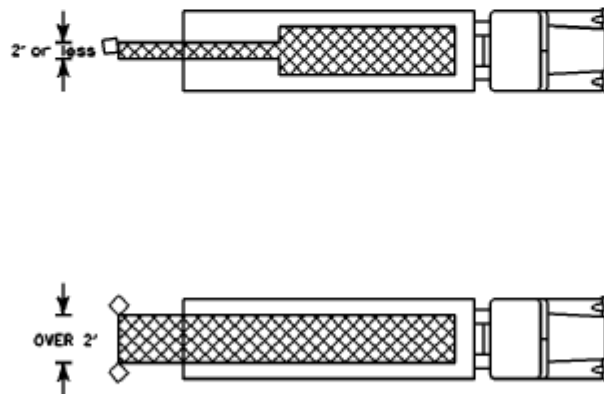
EXAMPLES FOR WARNING LIGHTS ON OVERWIDTH LOADS



EXAMPLES FOR RED WARNING LIGHTS ON OVERLENGTH LOADS WITH A REAR END OVERHANG OF FOUR FEET OR MORE FROM END OF TRAILER



RED OR FLORESCENT ORANGE WARNING FLAGS ON OVERWIDTH LOADS

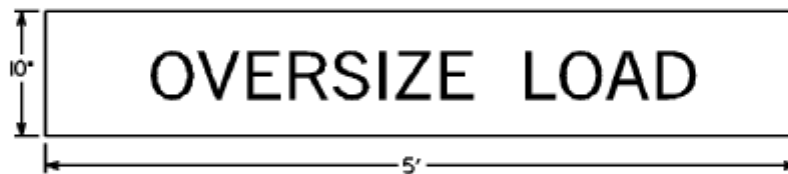


RED OR FLORESCENT ORANGE WARNING FLAGS ON OVERWIDTH LOADS OR LOADS WITH A REAR END OVERHANG OF FOUR FEET OR MORE FROM END OF TRAILER

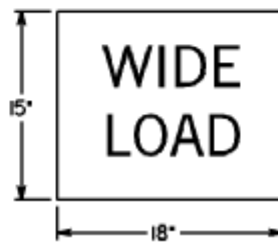
OVERSIZE LOAD SIGNS MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS ON OVERSIZE VEHICLE OR LOAD



LETTER HEIGHT 10", LETTER TYPE STANDARD SERIES C, STROKE WIDTH $1\frac{5}{8}$ ", BLACK LETTERS ON YELLOW BACKGROUND.



LETTER HEIGHT 8", LETTER TYPE STANDARD SERIES B, STROKE WIDTH 1", BLACK LETTERS ON YELLOW BACKGROUND.



MINIMUM 6" LETTER HEIGHT, MINIMUM $\frac{3}{4}$ " STROKE, BLACK LETTERS ON YELLOW BACKGROUND

Will honor a wide load sign if coming into Idaho from another state

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 13**

39.03.13 - RULES GOVERNING OVERWEIGHT PERMITS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by Sections 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, Idaho Code, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1004, Idaho Code. (10-2-89)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.13, "Rules Governing Overweight Permits," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 13. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. This rule states the maximum weight authorized by overlegal permits for loads consisting of single items. (4-5-00)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

This chapter does not provide for written interpretations. (3-30-01)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

This chapter does not provide for administrative appeals. (3-30-01)

004. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011.-- 099. (RESERVED).

100. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

01. Registration. Any vehicle hauling or towing non-reducible loads subject to registration, is not required to register for the maximum legal weight it can haul to be eligible for an overweight permit. Farm tractors, road rollers, and road machines are exempt from registration but are not exempt from legal weight limitations. (4-5-00)

02. Overweight Permit Requirements. Overweight permits will be issued for non-reducible vehicles and/or loads that exceed legal axle weights and/or eighty thousand (80,000) pounds, with weight reduced to a practical minimum, except that a permit may be issued for a machine with an accessory and loaded separately on the transporting vehicle. Vehicles hauling overweight loads will be required to have five (5) or more axles to qualify for an overweight permit. Self-propelled vocational vehicles or vehicles towing overweight loads may have less than five (5) axles to qualify for an overweight permit. (4-5-00)

03. Variable Load Suspension Axle Requirements. Any vehicle which is equipped with variable load suspension axles (lift axles) transporting overweight loads shall have all lift axles fully deployed. (8-25-94)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. MAXIMUM OVERWEIGHT LEVELS.

01. Allowable Gross Vehicle Weight. The gross vehicle weight allowable by overweight permit is subject to the seasonal stability of the roadway and the capacity of the structures on the route of travel. For the purpose of issuing overlegal permits, seven (7) levels of overweight are established, based on the weight formula of $W = 500((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$ and routes for carrying the various levels of overweight are designated by color coding. (3-30-01)

a. Red Routes -- The red routes contain posted bridges and require approval or analysis from the Department. A vehicle configuration may be issued an annual overweight/oversize permit for travel on red routes only, upon completion of an analysis verifying the requested weights are acceptable. The annual permit will be issued for a specific vehicle configuration, operating on a specific route, at specific weights. All information will be listed on the annual permit and will be subject to revocation at such time the vehicle configuration changes (such as axle spacings), the approved weights change, or a bridge rating changes. Annual permits issued for red routes will be in addition to the annual permit required for other routes. (8-4-95)

b. Yellow Routes -- The yellow overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-two thousand five hundred (22,500) pounds, a tandem axle loading of thirty-eight thousand (38,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of forty-eight thousand (48,000) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 560 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (8-25-94)

c. Orange Routes -- Orange overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-four thousand (24,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-one thousand (41,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of fifty-one thousand five hundred (51,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 600 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (3-30-01)

d. Green Routes -- The green overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-five thousand five hundred (25,500) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-three thousand five hundred (43,500) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of fifty-four thousand five hundred (54,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 640 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (8-25-94)

e. Blue Routes -- Blue overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-seven thousand (27,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-six thousand (46,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of fifty-seven thousand five hundred (57,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 675 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (3-30-01)

f. Purple Routes -- The purple overweight level is based on a single axle loading of thirty thousand (30,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of fifty-one thousand five hundred (51,500) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of sixty-four thousand five hundred (64,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 755 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (3-30-01)

g. Black Routes -- The black overweight level is based on a single axle loading of thirty-three thousand (33,000), pounds a tandem axle loading of fifty-six thousand (56,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of seventy thousand five hundred (70,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 825 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (8-25-94)

02. Vehicles or Loads Exceeding Weights. Vehicles or loads exceeding the axle weights, groups of axle weights, or total gross weights allowed on any of the overweight levels described in Subsection 200.01 must operate by single trip permits only if approved. (4-5-00)

03. Maximum Weights. The maximum overweight levels shall not exceed eight hundred (800) pounds per inch width of tire nor the maximum weights authorized by Subsection 200.01. (4-5-00)

04. Map Resources. Route capacity maps are available at the Idaho Transportation Department Headquarters Overlegal Permit office, Ports of entry, and all District Offices. A route capacity map will accompany each annual overweight/oversize permit. (4-5-00)

05. Weight Formula. "W" is the maximum weight in pounds (to the nearest five hundred (500) pounds) carried on any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles. "L" is the distance in feet between the extremes of any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles, "N" is the number of axles under consideration and "F" is the load factor most appropriate based on the most critical bridge on the highway route. (8-25-94)

201. -- 299. (RESERVED).

300. ADDITIONAL WEIGHT ABOVE ALLOWED MAXIMUMS.

Increased loading of weight above the maximum weights in this rule may be allowed for wide axles, extra tires or both. Increased loading requires Department approval based on an engineering analysis. (8-25-94)

301. -- 399. (RESERVED).

400. OVERLEGAL PERMIT FOR LOADS IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM WEIGHT LIMITS.

Requests to transport vehicles and/or loads at weights in excess of the maximum weights normally allowed, on a routine basis, will require, at a minimum, an additional review and approval from the overlegal permit office and may require an engineering analysis when structures are involved on the route(s) to be traveled. The Department may waive the requirement for engineering analysis provided sufficient prior analyses for similar loadings have been performed by the Department for the involved structures. The Department may take up to twenty-four (24) working hours to approve or deny the request when a simple analysis is required. The following information may be requested, to be provided to the overlegal permit office when an in-depth engineering analysis is required: (4-5-00)

01. Drawing of Vehicle. A schematic drawing or other specific information with regard to placement of axles, distance between axles and/or wheels, and distribution of gross weight on axles and/or wheels. (10-2-89)

02. Required Information. The applicant shall provide the Department the information required for conducting the analysis as soon as possible. A minimum of two (2) weeks shall be expected prior to approval or denial of the proposed move. (1-3-92)

03. Engineering Analysis Fee. The applicant shall deposit one hundred dollars (\$100) with the Department as a deposit on the cost required to undertake the engineering analysis of the vehicle combination. (8-25-94)

04. Additional Fee for Movement Requiring an Inspector. At the time a permit is issued which requires an inspector, the issuing office shall require a deposit of one hundred dollars (\$100) in addition to permit fee. This deposit shall be applied to the cost incurred by the Department in furnishing the inspector with vehicle and equipment necessary in the inspection surveillance. (8-25-94)

401. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 14**

39.03.14 - RULES GOVERNING POLICY DURING SPRING BREAKUP SEASON

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the policy used during spring breakup season, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1005, Idaho Code. (8-25-89)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

This rule states the size, weight or speed limit restrictions the Department may place on the state highway system if the operation of vehicles could cause damage to the road due to climatic or other conditions. (10-2-89)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. TYPE OF LOAD RESTRICTIONS.

Depending upon the type of road construction, the amount of moisture, temperature conditions, and severity of frost heaves and breakup, routes or sections of routes will be posted for restricted loadings to one (1) of the following categories as required to protect the roadway and in the interests of public safety. 1) Maximum of legal allowable weight, 2) Maximum of sixteen thousand (16,000) pounds on any axle, 3) Maximum of fourteen thousand (14,000) pounds on any axle, and 4) Maximum of twelve thousand (12,000) pounds on any axle. (8-4-95)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. WEIGHT LIMITS BASED ON TIRE SIZES.

In administering load limits based on tire sizes or width of tires, credit for tubed tires will be based on the manufacturer's width marked on the tire; for example, a ten point zero-zero by twenty-four (10.00 x 24) tire will be given credit for ten (10) inches of tire width. Tubeless tires will be given credit for the width of the conventional tubed tires which they replace. (10-2-89)

201. WIDTH LIMITATION ON TWO LANE ROAD.

A spring breakup weight restriction to less than legal weight shall automatically place a restriction on width allowed by special permit. On any section of highway restricted to less than legal weight, the maximum width by special permit shall be restricted to twelve (12) feet six (6) inches during the period of the weight restriction. (8-25-94)

202. SPEED RESTRICTIONS.

On those sections of highways which are posted for a maximum of legal loads, or to less than legal loads, trucks and buses with a gross weight of ten thousand (10,000) pounds or more will be restricted in critical areas to a maximum speed of thirty (30) miles per hour. Restricted speed zones will be marked by red and yellow markers. A red marker will mean speed is restricted to thirty (30) miles per hour and a yellow marker will mean that legal speed may be resumed. These markers will generally be attached to existing highway sign posts and when properly used will afford protection to the highway subgrade and surface as well as speeding the flow of traffic. (10-2-89)

203. -- 299. (RESERVED).

300. SPECIAL PERMIT POLICY DURING SPRING BREAKUP.

01. Suspended Weight Limits. Normal overweight special permit limits will be suspended on all highways in the area when seasonal load and speed restrictions are imposed. (10-2-89)

02. Weight Restrictions. Spring breakup weight restrictions are primarily concerned with limiting the weight imposed on the highway by individual axles rather than the total gross weight of vehicles or vehicle combination. It will therefore be permissible to issue overweight permits which exceed legal allowable total gross load for a vehicle combination subject to these conditions: (10-2-89)

a. Minimum tire width is ten (10) inches or larger. (10-2-89)

b. Maximum axle weight on single axle having two (2) single wheels shall not exceed ten thousand (10,000) pounds. (10-2-89)

c. Maximum axle weight on single axle having four (4) or more tires shall not exceed fourteen thousand (14,000) pounds. (10-2-89)

d. Permits for nonreducible loads only. (10-2-89)

301. -- 399. (RESERVED).

400. LEGAL WEIGHT LIMITS MAINTAINED ON CERTAIN HIGHWAYS.

The policy of the Department will be to maintain legal load limits on the Interstate highway system and arterials serving through state traffic or connecting major termini, unless conditions are such that severe breakup will result. (10-2-89)

401. ENFORCEMENT OF POSTED WEIGHT AND/OR SPEED RESTRICTIONS.

The Districts will sign and mark affected state highways the day before the weight and/or speed restrictions are in effect. The weight and/or speed restrictions will be enforced the day after the Districts sign and mark a state highway. Customers who subscribe to the load limit bulletin receive advance notification via mail from the permit office of upcoming weight and/or speed restrictions. (8-4-95)

402. TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF POSTED WEIGHT AND SPEED RESTRICTIONS.

01. Why Required. Spring breakup restrictions are required because of a seasonal characteristic in which freeze/thaw cycles occur, making the roadway unstable and reducing its load-bearing capability. The load-bearing capacity may be temporarily restored by a freeze-up of the pavement after a section has been posted for load and speed restrictions. (10-2-89)

02. Temporary Waiver of Spring Breakup. District Engineers may provide a temporary waiver of the spring breakup restrictions by posting GREEN markers on the speed limit signs, and on other signs, if appropriate, within a section of highway posted for reduced loads. In addition to posting green markers, a twice-daily status of the posted section will be provided by the area Maintenance Foreman to the District Maintenance Office, who will notify area State Police, Ports of Entry, and the local Sheriff's office and permit office.(8-25-94)

403. SPECIAL ALLOWANCES FOR EMERGENCY AND CRITICAL SERVICE VEHICLES.

District Engineers may allow exceptions to the spring breakup weight restrictions for emergency and critical service vehicle(s), ie. fire trucks, heating fuel trucks, and other such service vehicles which are critical to the health and safety of the public. Documentation of special allowance shall be in writing from the District Engineer and must be carried in the vehicle. (8-4-95)

404. LOAD LIMIT BULLETIN.

The Department shall publish a bulletin twice weekly listing the highways restricted under the provisions of this rule. Such bulletin shall only be published when such restrictions exist. A subscription for this bulletin shall be available for a fee of fifteen dollars (\$15) per calendar year January 1 to December 31. (8-4-95)

405. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 15**

39.03.15 RULES GOVERNING INTERSTATE EXCESS WEIGHT PERMITS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY

This rule, governing vehicles operating on the Interstate system in excess of eighty thousand (80,000) pounds, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1004, Idaho Code. (10-2-89)

001. LEGAL AUTHORITY

This rule authorizes the issuance of special permits which allow vehicle combinations to operate in excess of eighty thousand (80,000) pounds on the Interstate system if legal axle weight limits are not exceeded. (10-2-89) Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions" for definitions of the terms used in this rule.

011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

100. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS.

01. Weights Allowed on Interstate. The Federal Highway Amendment Act of 1974 established allowable legal weight limits on Interstate System Highways at twenty thousand (20,000) pounds on single axles, thirty-four thousand (34,000) pounds on tandems, and formula weights for total gross loads not exceeding eighty thousand (80,000) pounds. (10-2-89)

02. Permits to Exceed Eighty Thousand Pounds Gross Weight. Excess weight permits will be issued for vehicle combinations operating on Interstate Routes with total gross loads exceeding eighty thousand (80,000) pounds but not to exceed twenty thousand (20,000) per single axle, thirty-four thousand (34,000) pounds per tandem, and not to exceed the weight limit for any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles established by Section 49-1001, Idaho Code. Combination excess weight and extra-length permits are available. (1-3-92)

101. -- 999. (RESERVED)

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 16**

39.03.16 - RULES GOVERNING OVERSIZE PERMITS FOR NON-REDUCIBLE VEHICLES AND/OR LOADS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles and/or loads which are in excess of the sizes allowed by Sections 49- 1004 and 49-1010, Idaho Code, is adopted under the authority of Section 49-201, Idaho Code. (3-29-10)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.16, "Rules Governing Oversize Permits for Non- Reducible Vehicles and/or Loads," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 16. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. This rule states the maximum sizes allowed by overlegal permit. It does not apply to the transport of oversize manufactured homes or office trailers (see IDAPA 39.03.17, "Rules Governing Permits for Manufactured Homes, Modular Buildings, and Office Trailers"). (4-5-00)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (3-20-04)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (3-20-04)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (3-20-04)

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS.

01. Street and Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W. State Street with a mailing address of PO Box 7129, Boise, ID 83707-1129. (3-20-04)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (3-29-10)

03. Telephone and Fax Numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 334-8419. (3-20-04)

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (3-20-04)

007. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Overlegal Permits," for definitions of the terms used in this Rule. (4-2-08)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

100. GENERAL OVERSIZE LIMITATIONS

01. Maximum Dimensions Allowed. The maximum dimensions of oversize vehicles or oversize loads shall depend on the character of the route to be traveled: width of roadway, alignment and sight distance, vertical or horizontal clearance, and traffic volume. (7-1-11)T

02. Practical Minimum Dimension. Oversize loads shall be reduced to a practical minimum dimension. Except as noted below, permits will not be issued to exceed legal size if the load is more than one (1) unit in width, length or height nor shall permits be utilized for multiple unit loads which may be reduced in number of units and positioned to meet legal dimensions established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (8-25-94)

03. Multiple Unit Overwidth Loads. Multiple unit overwidth loads must be transported on legal dimension vehicles. Overwidth loads may be transported on double trailer combinations not exceeding seventy-five (75) feet combination length exclusive of load overhang. (4-2-08)

04. Overwidth Overhang. Over width loads shall distribute overhang to the sides of the trailer as evenly as possible. (8-25-94)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED)

200. PERMITS FOR MULTIPLE-WIDTH OR MULTIPLE-HEIGHT LOADING.

01. Cylindrical Hay Bales. Overlegal permits may be issued for overwidth transportation of cylindrical hay bales, produced by balers having bale chambers which may be five (5) feet or more in width. Such bales may be loaded two (2) bales wide and two (2) bales high. Hauling vehicles eligible for permit for this purpose shall be legal size vehicles registered for travel on public highways. Operation of such overwidth loads shall be subject to the same time of travel and other safety requirements as other overwidth loads having a similar width. This type of operation is intended as an option to the use of farm tractors hauling such loads on size-exempt implement of husbandry vehicles. Maximum width of such loads without tolerance may not exceed eleven (11) feet six (6) inches. (4-5-00)

02. Reducible Height Loads. Overlegal permits may be issued to allow the transportation of reducible loads in excess of fourteen (14) feet high but not in excess of fourteen (14) feet nine (9) inches high on designated highways. The vehicle height must not exceed fourteen (14) feet. A map listing the vertical clearances is available at the Idaho

201. -- 299. (RESERVED)

300. OVERWIDTH HAULING VEHICLES, RESTRICTIONS.

01. Width of Hauling Equipment. Overlegal permits may be issued for ten (10) foot wide trailers hauling non-reducible loads smaller than ten (10) feet wide. Overlegal permits shall not be issued for trailers over ten (10) feet wide hauling any load on an overwidth vehicle unless such vehicle has been designed and constructed for the specific purpose of hauling a particular load the nature of which makes it impractical to be hauled on a legal width vehicle. The permit issued for oversize loads being hauled on oversize equipment will be valid for the unladen movement and the laden movement, which shall not include commodities either to or from the point of loading or unloading of the oversize load. (7-1-11)T

02. Load Dimensions. Any load exceeding the dimensions of the trailer shall be non-reducible in size, and any load exceeding legal allowable weight shall be non-reducible in weight. Annual permits issued for such hauling vehicles shall be subject to the requirements and limitations of IDAPA 39.03.19, "Rules Governing Annual Overlegal Permits," and 39.03.13, "Rules Governing Overweight Permits," Section 200. (7-1-11)T

03. Hauling Equipment in Excess of Ten Feet. Special overwidth hauling vehicles exceeding ten (10) feet in width will be permitted, and may be required, in the hauling of excessively heavy loads to improve the lateral distribution of weight, or when a combination of weight, width, or height makes extra width in the hauling vehicle desirable in the public interest. The use of such vehicles more than ten (10) feet in width shall be restricted to loads requiring an overwidth hauling vehicle and the backhaul permit shall be for the unladen vehicle. (10-2-89)

04. Buildings. Buildings which are too wide to be safely transported on legal-width hauling vehicles shall be moved either on house moving dollies or on trailers which can be reduced to legal width for unladen travel. (10-2-89)

301. -- 399. (RESERVED)

400. OVERWIDTH PERMITS FOR IMPLEMENTS OF HUSBANDRY.

01. Farm Tractors on Interstate Highways. Farm tractors transported on Interstate Highways are required to have overlegal permit authority if width exceeds nine (9) feet. A farm tractor when attached to an implement of husbandry or when drawing an implement of husbandry shall be construed to be an implement of husbandry and is not required to have a permit. Farmers, equipment dealers or custom operators may be issued single trip or annual permits under this rule for transportation of farm tractors, having a width in excess of nine (9) feet to or from a farm involving Interstate Highway travel. The transportation of farm tractors or implements of husbandry for hire, or not being transported from one farm operation to another, is a common-carrier operation. Exemptions from legal width limitation do not apply to common-carrier operations. Farm tractors or implements of husbandry hauled for hire, or used in the furtherance of a business (not to include farming operations), are subject to the same overlegal

permit regulations as other oversize loads when the width of the load exceeds legal-width limitations, and must operate under oversize permits. (3-30-01)

02. Other Than Farm to Farm. Implements of husbandry exceeding eight (8) feet six (6) inches in width being transported other than from one (1) farm operation to another farm operation shall require overlegal permits except when the farmer or their designated agent is transporting implements of husbandry and equipment for the purpose of: (7-1-11)T

a. The repair or maintenance of such implements of husbandry and equipment when traveling between a farm and a repair or maintenance facility during daylight hours; or (7-1-11)T

b. The purchase or sale of such implements of husbandry or equipment when traveling between a farm and a dealership, auction house, or other facility during daylight hours. (7-1-11)T

03. Farm Permits. Single trip permits must be ordered at the permit office and the operator may post a security bond to establish credit (See IDAPA 39.03.21, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permit Fees," Section 300) and thereby qualify to complete an application form, call the overlegal permit office for a permit number, and carry the application form with the overwidth vehicle in lieu of the overlegal permit form. Under provisions of IDAPA 39.03.19, "Rules Governing Annual Overlegal Permits," Section 100, annual permits will be issued to towing units or to self-propelled farm tractors or towed units, or blanket permits may be issued to an Idaho domicile applicant without vehicle identification. Such blanket permits may be transferred from one vehicle to another vehicle but shall be valid only when the permit is with the overwidth vehicle and/or load. A photocopy of the permit is valid provided that the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map and Vertical Clearance of Structures Map furnished by the Idaho Transportation Department are included. Such annual permits for implements of husbandry or farm tractors are subject to the same maximum dimensions, travel time exclusions and safety requirements as other overwidth annual permits and are valid for continuous travel for twelve (12) consecutive months. (7-1-11)T

04. Overwidth Farm Trailers. Trailers or semi-trailers exceeding eight feet six inches (8' 6") wide, but not wider than the implement of husbandry, used for the transportation of implements of husbandry from a farm to a farm for agricultural operations, shall be exempt from overlegal permitting requirements. This exemption does not apply to trailers or semi-trailers used in common carrier operations, hauling for hire or used in the furtherance of a business (not to include farming operations). (3-20-04)

a. Exempt trailers, as listed above, may not be used to haul implements of husbandry that are narrower than the overwidth trailer. (3-20-04)

b. Empty trailers, as listed above, being used to pick up or drop off an implement of husbandry from a farm to a farm are also exempt and must be reduced to a practical minimum dimension (i.e. dropping side extensions). (3-20-04)

c. Exempt trailers, as listed above, may not be used to transport loads other than implements of husbandry from a farm to a farm. (3-20-04)

401. -- 499. (RESERVED)

500. ADDITIONAL DISTRICT APPROVAL AND ALLOWANCE FOR APPROVAL TIME.

District approval is required when vehicles or loads exceed: sixteen (16) feet wide on red coded routes, eighteen (18) feet wide on black coded routes and interstate highways, sixteen (16) feet high on any route, and one hundred twenty (120) feet long on any route. District approval will be obtained by the Overlegal Permit office and may require up to twenty-four (24) working hours. See Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map for color coded routes online at <http://www.itd.idaho.gov/dmv/poe/poe.htm>. (7-1-11)T

501. -- 599. (RESERVED)

600. OVERLENGTH RESTRICTIONS.

Oversize vehicles operating under authority of an overlegal permit which exceed seven (7) feet of front overhang, on any vehicle in the combination, are restricted to daylight travel only on two (2) lane, two (2) way highways. (3-29-10)

601. -- 999. (RESERVED)

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 17**

39.03.17 - RULES GOVERNING PERMITS FOR MANUFACTURED HOMES, MODULAR BUILDINGS, AND OFFICE TRAILERS

This rule, governing the movement of manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers in excess of the sizes allowed by Sections 49-1004 and 49-1010, Idaho Code, is adopted under the authority of Section 40-312, Idaho Code. (3-29-10)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.17, "Rules Governing Permits for Manufactured Homes, Modular Buildings, and Office Trailers," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 17. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. This rule states the regulations for overlegal permits issued for the movement of manufactured homes, modular buildings and office trailers. (4-5-00)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (4-11-06)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (4-11-06)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (4-11-06)

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS

01. Street and Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W. State Street with a mailing address of P O Box 7129, Boise, ID 83707-1129. (4-11-06)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (3-29-10)

03. Telephone and Fax Numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 208-334-8419. (4-11-06)

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (4-11-06)

007. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this Rule. (4-2-08)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. REGISTRATION AND LICENSING REQUIREMENTS.

All manufactured homes and office trailers moved on any public highway are required to be licensed, permanently or temporarily, with the exception of, new manufactured homes, being transported either prior to first sale at retail or to the initial setup location of the original purchaser. The manufactured home and office trailer registration and general property tax receipt shall be made available for inspection upon demand of any enforcement officer. (3-30-01)

101. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.

The permittee or the driver of the vehicle towing overwidth manufactured homes and office trailers shall be required to carry evidence of general liability insurance in the permitted vehicle written by a company licensed in Idaho showing coverage in the minimum amounts of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) when hauling permittee's own manufactured home. When hauling for hire permittee must carry a minimum amount of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000) insurance coverage, and have proper authority. (4-5-00)

102. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. MANUFACTURED HOMES AND OFFICE TRAILERS BEING TOWED.

01. Connection Device. Shall meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, 49 CFR part 393. (4-2-08)

02. Length. Not in excess of eighty (80) feet including tongue. (10-2-89)

03. Width. Shall be limited to a maximum of sixteen (16) feet at the base and shall not exceed eighteen (18) feet overall width including the eaves, except on a case-by-case basis as approved by the department. All movements with a base width in excess of sixteen (16) feet and an overall width in excess of eighteen (18) feet must submit a written request for movement of these units prior to being manufactured and a traffic control plan may also be required with the submission. Prior approval for the movement must be granted before an overlegal permit is issued.

** Determination of manufactured home or office trailer width shall be exclusive of such appurtenances as clearance lights, door handles, window fasteners, door and window trim, moldings and load securement devices up to but not in excess of three (3) inches on each side of load. (3-29-10)

04. Eaves. No restrictions on eaves as long as the eighteen (18) feet maximum overall width limitation is not exceeded, or for those movements approved by the department on a case-by-case basis. (3-29-10)

05. Weight. The maximum allowable load for any vehicle tire operated on any public highway shall be in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, Title 24, Chapter 20, Office of

06. Running Gear Assembly -- General. The entire system (frame, drawbar, and coupling mechanism, running gear assembly including brake systems, axles and lights) shall be in accordance with CFR Title 24, for the year the manufactured home was built. In addition thereto, all tires used in transportation of manufactured homes under this category shall be in accordance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, part 393. (3-23-98)

07. Construction. Construction shall be in accordance with CFR Title 24, for the year the manufactured home was built. (3-23-98)

08. Axles. All axles shall be in accordance with CFR Title 24, for the year the manufactured home was built, except that sixteen (16) foot wide (at the base) manufactured homes shall be required to have a minimum of four (4) axles. (3-23-98)

09. Brakes. Brakes shall be in accordance with CFR Title 24, for the year the manufactured home was built, except that sixteen (16) foot wide (at the base) manufactured homes shall be required to have brakes on a minimum of three (3) axles. (3-23-98)

10. Lights. The unit shall have stop lights, turn signals and tail lights that meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, part 393. (3-23-98)

11. Safety Chains. Two (2) safety chains shall be used, one (1) each on right and left sides of, but separate from, the coupling mechanism connecting the tow vehicle and the manufactured home while in transit. Chain shall be three-eighths (3/8) inch diameter steel. Chains shall be strongly fastened at each end to connect the tow vehicle and manufactured home and assure that in the event of a coupling failure the manufactured home will track behind the tow vehicle. (3-23-98)

201. VEHICLES FOR TOWING MANUFACTURED HOMES AND OFFICE TRAILERS.

01. Towing Vehicle. Tow vehicles for manufactured homes and office trailers shall comply with the following minimum requirements:

Manufactured Homes and Office Trailers Width	Tire Width	Drive Axle Tire Rating	Min. Unladen Weight	Rear Axle Rating
Over 8' to 10'	7.00"	6 Ply	6,000#	None
Over 10'to 12'	8.00"	8 Ply	8,000#	15,000#
Over 12'	8.25"	10 Ply	12,000#	15,000#

02. Brakes. Shall be in accordance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations part 393. (8-25-94)

03. Rear Axle. Towing vehicle shall have a minimum of a single axle with dual mounted tires. (8-25-94)

04. Connection Device. Shall meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, part 393. (4-2-08)

05. Horsepower Requirement. When towing a manufactured home or office trailer a minimum speed of twenty-five (25) mph must be maintained. (3-23-98)

06. Two-Way Radio. (3-23-98)

a. On all movements requiring a pilot/escort vehicle, both the towing unit and the pilot/escort vehicle(s) shall be equipped with two-way radio equipment, licensed under Federal Communications Commission regulations adequate to provide reliable voice communication between the drivers thereof at all times during the movement of the escorted load. Transmitting and receiving capabilities of the radio equipment used shall be adequate to provide the required communication over a minimum distance of one-half (1/2) mile separation under conditions normally encountered along the proposed route. (4-5-00)

b. Radio communication shall be open and monitored between pilot/escort vehicle(s) and oversize load at all times during movement. (4-5-00)

07. Operator Requirements. Operators of vehicles towing manufactured homes, modular buildings and office trailers over ten (10) feet wide at the base shall have a class A or B Commercial Driver's License (CDL) as appropriate. (3-23-98)

08. Speed Limit Requirements. Vehicles towing manufactured homes, modular buildings and offices, shall be limited to a maximum of sixty (60) miles per hour. (3-23-98)

202. -- 299. (RESERVED).

300. MANUFACTURED HOME, MODULAR BUILDING, OR OFFICES BEING HAULED.

01. Length. Not in excess of eighty (80) feet. (10-2-89)

02. Width. Not in excess of sixteen (16) feet at the base and eighteen (18) feet overall, except on a case-by-case basis as approved by the department. All movements with a base width in excess of sixteen (16) feet and an overall width in excess of eighteen (18) feet must submit a written request for movement of these units prior to being manufactured and a traffic control plan may also be required with the submission. Prior approval for the movement must be granted before an overlegal permit is issued. (3-29-10)

03. Eaves. No restrictions on eaves as long as the eighteen (18) foot maximum overall width limitation is not exceeded, or for those movements approved by the department on a case-by-case basis. (3-29-10)

301. HAULING EQUIPMENT FOR A MANUFACTURED HOME, MODULAR BUILDING OR OFFICE.

01. Hauling Equipment. Vehicles used to haul manufactured homes, modular buildings and office trailers shall be combinations designed to meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations for vehicles engaged in interstate commerce. Such vehicles shall be of structural capacity to safely accommodate the loading at all times. (8-25-94)

02. Lights. The unit shall have stop lights, turn signals and tail lights that meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, part 393. (8-25-94)

03. Securing Loads. A minimum of four (4) steel, three fourths (3/4) inch diameter bolts will be used to directly connect the main support members of the modular building, manufactured home or office trailer to the support frame of moving equipment. Two (2) bolts each shall be located not less than twelve (12) feet from the forward and rear ends of the modular building, manufactured home or office trailer. Each of the four (4) bolts shall be at least four (4) feet apart. Equivalent methods of fastening, such as chains or binders, may be used as alternatives. (8-25-94)

302. -- 399. (RESERVED).

400. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

01. Paneling of Open Sides of Multi-Section Modular Buildings, Manufactured Homes or Office Trailers. Shall be rigid material, or six (6) mil plastic sheathing (or stronger) backed by a grillwork to prevent billowing and fully enclose open sides of section in transit. (3-23-98)

02. Interior Loading. If the manufactured home or office trailer is to transport furnishings or other loose objects they shall be secured in position for safe travel. (8-25-94)

03. Construction. Modular buildings shall be constructed in accordance with the Uniform Building Code as applies to design and construction requirements that will affect overall structural strength and roadability. Manufactured homes and offices shall be constructed in accordance with Federal HUD Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards. (8-25-94)

04. Oversize Manufactured Homes or Office Trailers. Oversize manufactured Homes or Office Trailers must be transported under authority of the rule. IDAPA 39.03.16, "Rules Governing Oversize Permits for Non-Reducible Vehicles and/or Loads," does not apply to the transport of Manufactured Homes or Office Trailers. (4-5-00)

05. Manufactured Homes and Office Trailers. This rule applies only to Manufactured Homes and Office Trailers and does not apply to individual componets utilized in the manufacturing of Manufactured Homes. Permits may be issued to authorize transport of components for Manufactured Homes or Office Trailers under IDAPA 39.03.16, "Rules Governing Oversize Permits for Non-Reducible Vehicles and/or Loads." (4-5-00)

06. Signs. All manufactured homes, modular buildings and office trailers whether hauled or towed shall be required to display an oversize load sign, even if no pilot/escort vehicle is required. The sign shall meet the following dimensions: eighteen (18) inches high by seven (7) feet wide, letter height ten (10) inches, letter type standard series C, stroke width one and five-eighths (1 5/8) inch, black letters on yellow background. (4-5-00)

07. Warning Flags. All manufactured homes, modular buildings and office trailers whether hauled or towed shall be required to display flags on all four (4) corners. The flags may be red or fluorescent orange. (3-23-98)

08. Permits. Annual permits will allow travel on the following routes at the following dimensions:

Route	Base Width	Overall Width	Height	Overall Length
Red		12' 6"	15' 6"	110'
Black	14'	18'	15' 6"	110'
Double Black	16'	18'	15' 6"	110'

**The double black routes are the interstate and 4 lane highways.
 **The routes referred to above are on the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map.
 **When exceeding the above maximum dimensions allowed for a route, movement will be allowed only by single trip permit.
 **Manufactured homes, modular buildings and offices exceeding sixteen (16) feet overall width being towed on their own axles on two lane highways, will be required to submit for approval a traffic control plan, that lists at a minimum the following information: date of move, routes of travel, turnouts for traffic relief, and dimensions of load.

(4-5-00)

09. Hazardous Travel Conditions Restrictions. Extreme caution in the operation of vehicle combinations shall be exercised when hazardous conditions exist. The movement by overlegal permit of manufactured homes, modular buildings and office trailers shall be prohibited and otherwise valid permits shall automatically become invalid enroute when travel conditions become hazardous due to ice, snow or frost; when visibility is restricted to less than five hundred (500) feet by fog, dust, smoke or smog or other atmospheric condition; or when wind velocity exceeds thirty (30) miles per hour. (5-8-09)

10. Time of Travel Requirements. Manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers exceeding ten (10) feet in width, will have daylight travel only. When less than ten (10) feet wide, twenty-four (24) hour travel will be allowed, and must meet the following requirements: (4-5-00)

- a. The lights must be visible from five hundred (500) feet; (4-5-00)
- b. The lights shall be steady burning; (4-5-00)
- c. The color of the lights shall be as follows: (4-5-00)

- i. Lights visible from the front of the load and the extremities in the middle or near the front of the load shall be amber. (4-5-00)

ii. Lights visible from the back of the load and the extremities near the back of the load shall be red. (4-5-00)

401. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 18**

39.03.18 - RULES GOVERNING OVERLEGAL PERMITS FOR RELOCATION OF BUILDINGS OR HOUSES

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by 49-1001, 49-1002, 49-1004, or 49-1010, is adopted under the authority of Section 40-312, Idaho Code. (3-29-10)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.18, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permits for Relocation of Buildings or Houses," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 18. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. This rule states the regulations for overlegal permits issued for the movement of buildings or houses. (4-5-00)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (3-29-10)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (3-29-10)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (3-29-10)

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS.

01. Street and Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W. State Street with a mailing address of PO Box 7129, Boise, ID 83707-1129. (3-29-10)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (3-29-10)

03. Telephone and Fax Numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 334-8419. (3-29-10)

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (3-29-10)

009. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

01. Buildings Exceeding Sixteen Feet Wide. Overlegal permits for the transportation of buildings or houses having a basic width in excess of sixteen (16) feet shall be limited to the relocation of previously used buildings. The transportation of new, centrally manufactured houses, buildings, building sections, mobile or modular homes, etc., may be denied overlegal permits if the width at the base is in excess of sixteen (16) feet. (3-29-10)

02. Requirements for Permit. The requirements of each permit for relocation of a used building or house shall depend on the dimensions of the load as well as a consideration of the width and alignment of the roadway, passing opportunity for the traveling public, vertical or horizontal clearance of bridges or other structures along the route of travel, and traffic volumes. (10-2-89)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. INFORMATION REQUIRED IN APPLICATION.

01. Overall Width of the Building. (10-2-89)

a. At the base; and (10-2-89)

b. At the eaves or widest point. (10-2-89)

02. Overhang. Overhang of the building load to the right and left of the hauling vehicle or its tires. (10-2-89)

03. Height. Loaded height of the building. (10-2-89)

04. Combined Length. Combination length of the towing vehicle and its building load. (10-2-89)

05. Identification. Identification of the owner of the building, and of the permittee. (10-2-89)

06. Route. Proposed route of travel on state highways and other public roads. (10-2-89)

07. Turnouts. Availability of turnouts if required for passage of traffic. (10-2-89)

201. -- 299. (RESERVED).

300. PASSING LANE MUST BE PROVIDED.

Except for short movements in urban areas, and on routes having very low Average Daily Traffic (ADT), permits will not be issued for a load of such dimension that continuous passage of opposing traffic and frequent passing of following traffic cannot be maintained. Ten (10) feet or more of travelway should be provided for passage of traffic unless there are frequent turnouts, intersections, etc., to provide relief of accumulated traffic to the rear. (4-5-00)

301. -- 349. (RESERVED).

350. VERTICAL CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS.

01. Permit for Overheight. The issuance of any permit for movement of overheight loads will be subject to the vertical clearance of any structure involved along the route of travel. The Department may require a minimum of twenty-four (24) working hours to allow for the proposed route to be evaluated and approved or denied. (4-5-00)

02. Overhead Traffic Signals. Any movement of a building, or other overheight load, having a loaded height of sixteen (16) feet six (6) inches or more may require advance notice if overhead traffic signals are involved in the route. (4-5-00)

03. Overhead Power Lines. Carriers whose load/vehicle combination exceed seventeen (17) feet high must contact local utility company(s) for approval and assistance with power lines. (4-5-00)

351. -- 399. (RESERVED).

400. TIME OF TRAVEL.

01. Excessively Oversize Loads. Excessively oversize loads shall be restricted to the time of day, or day of the week, when traffic interference will be at a minimum. (10-2-89)

02. Buildings. Time of travel of loads in the building size category shall be restricted to the time of day and/or day of the week, when traffic interference will be at a minimum. (4-5-00)

03. Early Morning Moves. In metropolitan areas and in certain other cases where a serious disruption of traffic would otherwise be unavoidable, the movement of excessively oversize buildings may be permitted, at the discretion of the District Engineer, between 2 a.m. and daybreak to avoid traffic congestion. (4-5-00)

401. -- 449. (RESERVED).

450. INSURANCE AND BONDING REQUIREMENTS.

01. Insurance. The permittee when hauling buildings fourteen (14) feet or more in width shall be required to carry evidence of insurance in the permitted vehicle in the same minimum amounts as is required for those permits issued for the movement of overwidth manufactured homes. Minimum requirements are three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) combined single limit, (when hauling permittee's own building) and seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000) when hauling for hire. (4-5-00)

02. Permittee Responsibility. The permittee shall be responsible for the protection of sign-posts, guideposts, delineators, and may be required to post bond to cover the costs of repairs or replacements of such facilities. (4-5-00)

03. Bond Requirements. When an expense to the state can be presumed in providing clearance for an overheight load, or for repair of signposts or other such facilities, a cash bond based on estimated costs to the State may be required before issuance of such permit. Any part of the cash bond in excess of material costs, labor, and equipment rental will be returned to the permittee after the actual costs to the State have been determined and deducted. (4-5-00)

451. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 19**

39.03.19 - RULES GOVERNING ANNUAL OVERLEGAL PERMITS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles and/or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1004, Idaho Code. (4-5-00)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.19, "Rules Governing Annual Overlegal Permits," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 19. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. This rule states the provisions relating to issuance of annual overlegal permits. (4-5-00)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

This chapter does not provide for written interpretations. (3-30-01)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

This chapter does not provide for administrative appeals. (3-30-01)

004. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. GENERAL.

Overlegal permits may be issued for continuous operation to haul or transport nonreducible loads having specified maximum dimensions of oversize or overweight provided such permits for multiple trips can maintain the same measure of protection to highway facilities and to the traveling public as is provided by single trip permits. (4-5-00)

01. Oversize. Permits for continuous operation, oversize only. (10-2-89)

a. Permits for continuous operation shall be issued to one (1) specified power unit. The permittee may tow various units with the specified power unit, either as towaway vehicles or as trailers hauling oversize loads. Except as provided in IDAPA 39.03.07, "Rules Governing Restricted Routes for Semitrailers," 39.03.16, "Rules Governing Oversize Permits for Non-Reducible Vehicles and/or Loads," Section 200 and 39.03.22, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permits for Extra-Length Vehicle Combinations," oversize loads shall be nonreducible in width, length, or height. In the case of specially constructed equipment, mounted on a towed vehicle, or if the towed vehicle is only hauling an oversize but not overweight load, the permit may be

issued to the towed vehicle.

(4-5-00)

b. Maximum size of loads or vehicles transported under authority of an annual oversize permit, for black and interstate routes, shall be limited to a width of fourteen (14) feet six (6) inches (manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers limited as per IDAPA 39.03.17, "Rules Governing Permits for Manufactured Homes, Modular Buildings, and Office Trailers"), a height of fifteen (15) feet six (6) inches, and to a combination length of one hundred ten (110) feet including load overhang. Annual oversize permits for red coded routes shall be limited to a width of twelve (12) feet six (6) inches. A current Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map shall accompany such permits for extended operations and shall be considered to be a part of the permit.

(4-5-00)

02. Overweight/Oversize. Permits for continuous operation involving overweight loads shall be subject to the following conditions and requirements:

(10-2-89)

a. Annual permits may not be issued for gross weights in excess of two hundred thousand (200,000) pounds for any colored route. Gross weights in excess of two hundred thousand (200,000) pounds must operate by single trip permit.

(4-5-00)

b. Since the fees are now based on the number of axles and gross weight to calculate the fee per mile, annual overweight permits will have to be issued to various combinations including those with a different number of axles and higher gross weights for those axles. You will no longer be able to operate less axles than the number stated on the permit, because the fee per mile (using less axles) would be greater than the fee per mile for the higher number of axles and gross weight. The number of axles in the vehicle configuration may be greater than the number of axles listed on the permit. The gross weight of the vehicle configuration may be less than the gross weight stated for each colored route, but your fee per mile will be based on and reported at the stated gross weight for each colored route on the permit (i.e. black, purple, green and yellow) and the number of axles.

(4-5-00)

c. A percent reduction in the total fees may be given when the following requirements are met:

(4-5-00)

i. A two percent (2%) reduction per axle group (such as tandem or tridem), to a maximum of ten percent (10%) per vehicle configuration, for axle groups that are wider than ten (10) feet.

(4-5-00)

ii. A two percent (2%) reduction per axle group (such as tandem or tridem), to a maximum of ten percent (10%) per vehicle configuration, for axle groups with sixteen (16) tires per axle.

(4-5-00)

iii. If both the above requirements are met for an axle group, a five percent (5%) reduction per axle group, to a maximum of twenty-five percent (25%) per vehicle configuration may be given. This reduction will be taken off of the total roadway use fees charged for the vehicle and will not reduce the administrative fee.

(4-5-00)

d. To comply with Section 49-436, Idaho Code, the permittee will make quarterly reports of mileage to the Department at the permitted weight levels separate from the registered weight mileage otherwise required to be reported to that agency. Mileage for single trip

overweight permits is charged for and collected at the time of issuance, and need not be reported elsewhere. Unladen miles are reported at the registered weight of a vehicle or combination of vehicles. (4-5-00)

e. Annual permits involving overweight loadings will be available at the following levels: (4-6-92)

i. Red Routes -- The red routes contain posted bridges and require approval or analysis from the Department. A vehicle configuration may be issued an annual overweight/oversize permit for travel on red routes, upon completion of an analysis verifying the requested weights are acceptable. The annual permit will be issued for a specific vehicle configuration, operating on a specific route, at specific weights. All information will be listed on the annual permit and will be subject to revocation at such time the vehicle configuration changes (such as axle spacings), the approved weights change, or a bridge rating changes. (8-4-95)

ii. Yellow Routes -- The yellow overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-two thousand five hundred (22,500) pounds, a tandem axle loading of thirty-eight thousand (38,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of forty-eight thousand (48,000) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 560 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (4-6-92)

iii. Orange Routes -- The orange overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-four thousand (24,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-one thousand (41,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of fifty-one thousand five hundred (51,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 600 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (3-30-01)

iv. Green Routes -- The green overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-five thousand five hundred (25,500) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-three thousand five hundred (43,500) pounds and a tridem axle loading of fifty-four thousand five hundred (54,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 640 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (4-6-92)

v. Blue Routes -- The blue overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-seven thousand (27,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-six thousand (46,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of fifty-seven thousand five hundred (57,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 675 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (3-30-01)

vi. Purple Routes -- The purple overweight level is based on a single axle loading of thirty thousand (30,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of fifty-one thousand five hundred (51,500) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of sixty-four thousand five hundred (64,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 755 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (3-30-01)

vii. Black Routes -- The black overweight level is based on a single axle loading of thirty-three thousand (33,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of fifty-six thousand (56,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of seventy thousand five hundred (70,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 825 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$. (4-6-92)

viii. Vehicles or loads exceeding the axle weights, groups of axle weights, or total gross weights allowed on any of the overweight levels must operate by single trip permit only. (4-6-92)

ix. Weight Formula. "W" is the maximum weight in pounds (to the nearest five hundred (500) pounds) carried on any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles. "L" is the distance in feet between the extremes of any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles, "N" is the number of axles under consideration and "F" is the load factor most appropriate based on the most critical bridge on the highway route. (4-6-92)

f. The maximum overweight levels shall not exceed eight hundred (800) pounds per inch width of tire nor the maximum weights authorized by IDAPA 39.03.13, "Rules Governing Overweight Permits," Subsection 200.01. (4-5-00)

g. Annual overweight permits shall become invalid subject to the conditions of IDAPA 39.03.23, "Rules Governing Revocation of Special Permits." (4-5-00)

101. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 20**

39.03.20 - RULES GOVERNING APPLICATION FOR SPECIAL PERMITS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1004, Idaho Code. (10-2-89)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

This rule states the information of how to obtain special permits. (10-2-89)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (3-29-10)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. HOW TO APPLY.

The Special Permit Form ITD-217 becomes a valid application when signed by the Permittee. A separate application Form ITD-217C may be completed by the applicant from which the necessary information may be transferred to the permit by the permit writer. Such applications on Form ITD-217C will usually be received through Ports of Entry and applications may also be accepted by letter or by telephone provided all pertinent and necessary information is submitted. (10-2-89)

101. INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED BY APPLICANT.

Any application for a special permit shall provide for the submittal of all pertinent information required to establish the necessity of the proposed movement and the requisite to an engineering determination of the feasibility of the proposed movement. The following information shall be furnished: (10-2-89)

01. Name. Name of owner, operator, or lessee of vehicle or vehicles concerned. (10-2-89)

02. Description of Load. Manufacturer, model number, etc. (10-2-89)

03. Identification of Vehicles. License number, if registered, otherwise serial number, unit number. (10-2-89)

- 04. Weight.** Licensed capacity of vehicles subject to registration, if overweight is involved. (10-2-89)
- 05. Axles.** Number of axles, spacing between axles, number and size of tires. (10-2-89)
- 06. Gross Weight.** Gross weight, distribution of weight, overall dimensions. (10-2-89)
- 07. Route.** Point of origin and destination, preferred route by road number. (10-2-89)
- 08. Start Date.** Date of movement and days required. (10-2-89)
- 09. If House Trailer.** License number if privately owned, serial number if caravan permit or dealer plate is used. (10-2-89)
- 10. Insurance.** Evidence of insurance, if required. (10-2-89)
- 11. Necessity.** Necessity for movement. (10-2-89)
- 12. Special Instructions.** Special instructions regarding address to which permit is to be sent and any other pertinent information. (10-2-89)
- 13. PUC Authority.** Evidence of PUC authority, if required by PUC regulations. (10-2-89)
- 14. Signature.** Signature of applicant. (10-2-89)
- 102. -- 999. (RESERVED).**

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 21**

39.03.21 - RULES GOVERNING OVERLEGAL PERMIT FEES

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312, 49-201, and 49-1004, Idaho Code. (3-19-07)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.21, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permit Fees," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 21. (3-19-07)

02. Scope. This rule states the fees for overlegal permits. (3-19-07)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (3-19-07)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (3-19-07)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (3-19-07)

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS.

01. Street And Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W. State Street with a mailing address of PO Box 7129, Boise, ID 83707-1129. (3-19-07)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (3-19-07)

03. Telephone and Fax Numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 208-334-8419. (3-19-07)

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (3-19-07)

007. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. COSTS TO BE BORNE BY PERMITTEE.

The movement of oversize or overweight vehicles or vehicles with over legal loads is a privilege not accorded every user of the highway. Administrative cost incurred in the processing, issuance and enforcement of overlegal permits shall be borne by such permittees and not by the general traveling public through expenditure of highway user funds. Overlegal permits issued for non-reducible, overweight vehicles and/or loads will be charged a road use fee as set forth in Section 49-1004(2), Idaho Code. Tax supported agencies are required to obtain overlegal permits if their loads exceed the sizes or weights stated in Idaho Code, but they are exempt from paying fees for the permits. (3-19-07)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. PAYMENT OF OVERLEGAL PERMIT FEES.

01. Payment of Fees. The Idaho Constitution prohibits the state from extending credit to any individual, corporation, municipality or association. Permit fees are collectible at the time of issuance except that the permittee may guarantee payment of permit fees in advance by posting a bond in a minimum amount as specified in Section 300, Permit Fee Account Procedures of this rule. (8-25-94)

02. Refund. Permit fees are not refundable once they have been processed into the Department's accounting system, unless the permittee contacts the Overlegal Permit Office no more than two (2) working days (during office hours) following the start date of the overlegal permit or the Department issued the overlegal permit in error. (3-19-07)

03. Permit Costs. Overlegal (oversize and/or overweight) permit fees listed below are intended to cover cost of administration and are subject to periodic change depending on costs incurred in processing, issuance and enforcement of overlegal permit rules. (3-19-07)

04. Current Schedule of Fees. Periodic changes to the fee schedule will be subject to legislative review and approval procedures in accordance with Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code, Administrative Procedure Act. (3-19-07)

a. Oversize only, single trip, twenty-eight dollars (\$28). (3-19-07)

b. Oversize only, two (2) trips, thirty-three dollars (\$33). (3-19-07)

c. Oversize single trip exceeding sixteen (16) feet wide, or sixteen (16) feet high or one hundred ten (110) feet long, fifty-three dollars (\$53). (3-19-07)

d. Oversize only, two (2) trips within seven (7) days, exceeding sixteen (16) feet wide, or sixteen (16) feet high or one hundred ten (110) feet long, seventy-one dollars (\$71). (3-19-07)

e. Oversize only, annual, twelve (12) consecutive months: Extra length combinations exceeding the limits imposed in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code, on designated routes; Overlength only; Manufactured homes, modular building and office trailers; Recreation vehicles up to twelve (12) feet wide, legal length/height; Farm tractors exceeding nine (9) feet width on Interstate and implements of husbandry; Cylindrical hay bales, two (2) wide; Emergency removal of disabled vehicles; Multiple width loads of crane booms; Multiple width loads of conveyer units; Reducible loads, up to and including fourteen (14) feet nine (9) inches high; and exceeding sixty-five (65) feet overall combination length on magenta coded routes; forty-three dollars (\$43).

(3-19-07)

f. Excess weight annual, twelve (12) consecutive months, authority to exceed eighty thousand (80,000) lbs. on reducible loads up to one hundred five thousand five hundred (105,500) pounds, forty-three dollars (\$43).

(3-19-07)

g. Extra Length/Excess Weight (reducible) combination, annual, twelve (12) consecutive months, fifty-three dollars (\$53).

(3-19-07)

h. Overweight/Oversize or Overweight only (non-reducible) single trip, thirty-three dollars (\$33).

(3-19-07)

i. Overweight/Oversize or Overweight only (non-reducible), two (2) trips, forty-three dollars (\$43).

(3-19-07)

j. Overweight/Oversize (non-reducible) single trip, exceeding sixteen (16) feet wide, or sixteen (16) feet high or one hundred ten (110) feet long, fifty-three dollars (\$53).

(3-19-07)

k. Overweight/Oversize (non-reducible) two (2) trips within seven (7) days, exceeding sixteen (16) feet wide, or sixteen (16) feet high or one hundred ten (110) feet long, seventy-one dollars (\$71).

(3-19-07)

l. Overweight/Oversize (non-reducible) annual permit fee for twelve (12) consecutive months, fifty-eight dollars (\$58).

(3-19-07)

m. Overlegal permit manual (plus current sales tax for Idaho residents), five dollars (\$5).

(3-19-07)

n. Fee for reissuance or transfers, fifteen dollars (\$15). (3-19-07)

201. -- 299. (RESERVED).

300. PERMIT FEE ACCOUNT PROCEDURES.

01. Permit Fee Account. To establish a basis for the issuance of overlegal permits on other than a cash basis, the permittee may guarantee permit fees by posting a surety bond. The bond shall have a minimum value of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or be equal to the value of permits required by the permittee during any three (3) consecutive months, whichever is greater.

(3-19-07)

02. Bond Requirements. Surety bonds for this purpose shall be furnished by a bonding or insurance company licensed to do business in Idaho. Applications to establish permit fee accounts shall be obtained from and filed with the Department along with the required bond.
(3-19-07)

301. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 22**

39.03.22 - RULES GOVERNING OVERLEGAL PERMITS FOR EXTRA-LENGTH VEHICLE COMBINATIONS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles which are in excess of the sizes allowed by 49-1004 and 49-1010, is adopted under the authority of Section 40-312, Idaho Code.(04-7-11)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.22, "Rules Governing Overlegal Permits for Extra-Length Vehicle Combinations," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 22.(3-22-00)

02. Scope. This rule states the requirements and routes for extra-length vehicle combinations. (3-22-00)

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

There are no written interpretations for this chapter. (3-20-04)

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

Administrative appeals under this chapter shall be governed by the rules of administrative procedure of the attorney general, IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General." (3-20-04)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference in this chapter. (3-20-04)

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING AND STREET ADDRESS -- PHONE NUMBERS.

01. Street And Mailing Address. The Idaho Transportation Department maintains a central office in Boise at 3311 W. State Street with a mailing address of PO Box 7129, Boise, ID 83707-1129. (3-20-04)

02. Office Hours. Daily office hours are 7:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. except Saturday, Sunday and state holidays. (04-7-11)

03. Telephone and Fax Numbers. The central office may be contacted during office hours by phone at 208-334-8420 or by fax at 334-8419. (3-20-04)

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

All records associated with this chapter are subject to and in compliance with the Idaho Public Records Act, as set forth in Sections 9-337 through 9-350, Idaho Code. (3-20-04)

007. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. DESIGNATED ROUTES.

The extra-length map listing the designated routes is available at the Idaho Transportation Department offices. (10-2-89)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS FOR EXTRA-LENGTH.

Extra-length vehicle combinations shall be subject to the following conditions, limitations, and requirements: (10-2-89)

01. Extra-Length Vehicle Combinations. Vehicle combinations operating with an overall length in excess of the limits imposed in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code, shall consist of not more than four (4) units, shall not exceed one hundred fifteen (115) feet overall and no such vehicle combination shall include more than three (3) cargo units except that a full truck and full trailer may have an overall length in excess of seventy-five (75) feet but not in excess of eighty-five (85) feet including load overhang. (3-20-04)

02. Routes for Extra-Length Operations. Shall be designated in four (4) categories: (9-4-91)

a. Routes for combinations not exceeding ninety-five (95) feet in overall length including load overhang (blue-coded routes). An extra-length combination operating on routes designated for ninety-five (95) foot combinations shall be designed and assembled in a manner whereby its maximum off-tracking will not exceed five point five zero (5.50) feet on a one hundred sixty-five (165) foot radius when computed by the equation developed by Western Highway Institute (WHI) for computation of maximum vehicular off-track. (4-7-11)

b. Routes for combinations of vehicles not exceeding one hundred fifteen (115) feet in overall length including load overhang (red-coded routes). An extra-length combination operating on routes designated for one hundred fifteen (115) foot combinations shall be designed and assembled in a manner whereby its maximum off-tracking will not exceed six point five zero (6.50) feet on a one hundred sixty-five (165) foot radius when computed by the WHI equation referred to above. (3-20-04)

c. Interstate system routes and specified interchanges providing access to approved breakdown areas located in close proximity to the Interstate system (black-coded routes). An extra-length combination operating on routes in this category shall be designed and assembled in such a manner that its off-tracking may exceed six point five zero (6.50) feet but shall not exceed eight point seventy-five (8.75) feet when computed by the WHI equation referred to above. Specified interchanges providing access to approved breakdown areas are required to be used by combinations that exceed six point five zero (6.50) feet off-tracking. The specified interchanges will be authorized for either combinations in excess of six point five zero (6.50) feet off-tracking, but not in excess of seven (7) feet off-tracking, or for combinations in excess of

seven (7) feet off-tracking but not in excess of eight point seventy-five (8.75) feet off-tracking.
(3-22-00)

d. Selected state highway routes (green coded routes) for operation of an extra-length combination whereby its maximum off-tracking will not exceed three (3) feet on a one hundred sixty-five (165) foot radius when computed by the WHI equation and its overall length including load overhang does not exceed eighty-five (85) feet. Route approval shall be subject to analysis of pavement condition, bridge capacity, safety considerations, pavement width, curvature, traffic volumes and traffic operations.
(8-25-94)

03. Power Unit. The power unit of extra-length combinations shall have adequate power and traction to maintain a minimum of fifteen (15) miles per hour under normal operating conditions on any up-grade over which the combination is operated.
(10-2-89)

04. Connecting Devices. Fifth wheel, drawbar, and other coupling devices shall be as specified by Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, Part 393.
(4-7-11)

05. Weather Restrictions. Extreme caution in the operation of an extra length vehicle combination shall be exercised when hazardous conditions such as those caused by snow, ice, sleet, fog, mist, rain, dust, or smoke adversely affect visibility or traction. Speed shall be reduced when such conditions exist. When conditions become sufficiently dangerous, the company or the operator shall discontinue operations and operations shall not be resumed until the extra length vehicle combination can be safely operated. The state may restrict or prohibit operations during periods when in the state's judgment traffic, weather, or other safety conditions make such operations unsafe or inadvisable.
(8-25-94)

06. Trailer Weight Sequence. In any extra-length combination, the respective loading of any trailer shall not be substantially greater than the weight of any trailer located ahead of it in the vehicle combination. (Substantially greater shall be defined as more than four thousand (4,000) pounds heavier.)
(10-2-89)

07. Operating Restrictions. Operators of all vehicle combinations governed by this rule shall comply with the following operating restrictions:
(8-25-94)

a. A minimum distance of five hundred (500) feet shall be maintained between combinations of vehicles except when overtaking and passing.
(10-2-89)

b. Except when passing another vehicle traveling in the same direction, the combination shall be driven so as to remain at all times on the right hand side of the centerline of a two (2) lane, two (2) way highway, or on the right hand side of a lane stripe or marker of a highway of four (4) or more lanes.
(1-1-90)

c. Be in compliance with all Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.(3-22-00)

08. Insurance Requirements. Every combination operated under this rule shall be covered by insurance of not less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) combined single limit. The permittee or driver of the permitted vehicle combination shall carry in the vehicle evidence of insurance written by an authorized insurer to certify that insurance in this minimum amount is currently in force.
(8-25-94)

09. Tire Limitations. Single axles on extra-length vehicle combinations shall be equipped with four (4) tires except on the steering axle, or variable load suspension axles (VLS-lift axles), unless equipped with fifteen (15) inch wide or wider single tires. Multiple axle configurations may be equipped with single tires on each of the axles as long as the pounds-per-inch width of tire does not exceed the limits as listed in Section 49-1002, Idaho Code.
(5-8-09)

201. -- 299. (RESERVED).

300. OVERLEGAL PERMITS FOR EXTRA-LENGTH OPERATIONS.

01. Permit Attachments. All vehicles in extra-length operation shall be allowed to travel under the authority of overlegal permits issued to the power unit. A copy of this rule shall accompany and shall be a part of all annual extra-length permits. An allowable gross loads table shall accompany and be referred to on the face of the permit. Extra-length operations shall be valid only on routes of the state highway system designated for such purposes as set forth on the extra length color coded map of designated routes which shall accompany the permit, and is available at the overlegal permit office, ports of entry, and highway district offices. Combination extra-length and excess weight permits are available.
(3-22-00)

02. Permit Requirements and Special Requirements. Permits issued for operations of extra-length combinations shall be subject to the general requirements of Section 200, Conditions and Requirements For Extra-Length, and to the following special conditions.
(8-25-94)

a. The operator of any extra-length combination, (except triples combinations) shall complete the Off-Track Computation Form to provide internal dimensions of the combination and computation of off-track as evidence of compliance with maximum off-track requirements specified for the designated route being traveled. The completed Off-Track Computation Form, when required, shall be available for inspection by enforcement officers with the permit for the extra-length vehicle combination. When the off-track computation form is required, permit shall be invalid until the form is completed and available for inspection.
(3-20-04)

b. Extra-length permits shall become automatically invalid subject to conditions cited in IDAPA 39.03.23, "Rules Governing Revocation of Special Permits."
(3-22-00)

03. Exceeding Allowed Length and/or Off-Track Limitations. Extra-length vehicle combinations apprehended for exceeding allowed length and/or off-track limitations as set forth in this rule shall be subject to the following course of action:
(8-25-94)

a. The vehicle combination will be escorted by the apprehending officer to the first safe parking location; and
(8-25-94)

b. The driver of the extra length vehicle combination will be issued a single trip, one (1) day permit via a specified route to the nearest permitted route. The condition of this permit shall require an advance pilot/escort vehicle to escort the extra-length vehicle combination, and the pilot/escort vehicle shall meet the pilot/escort vehicle requirements as set forth in IDAPA 39.03.12, "Rules Governing Safety Requirements of Overlegal Permits."
(3-22-00)

301. -- 399. (RESERVED).

400. PILOT PROJECT TO EXCEED ONE HUNDRED FIVE THOUSAND, FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS UP TO ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-NINE THOUSAND POUNDS.

In addition to the previously stated requirements that must be met, vehicles operating at weights in excess of one hundred five thousand five hundred (105,500) pounds, must also meet the following requirements: (3-22-00)

01. Brakes. All axles must be equipped with brakes. (3-22-00)

02. Permits. Permits will be vehicle specific and will list the axle spacings, number of axles and the gross weight. The state issued permit must be displayed in the lower right hand corner of the windshield. (3-20-04)

03. Trip Logs. Trip logs will be required to be submitted quarterly in a standard format and submitted electronically with the following information: (3-20-04)

a. Each trip must be listed (a trip is defined as each way unladen or laden); (3-22-00)

b. Date trip occurred; (3-22-00)

c. Origin; (3-22-00)

d. Destination; (3-22-00)

e. Route (list each highway traveled); (3-20-04)

f. Gross weight of vehicle configuration (unladen or laden); and (3-20-04)

g. Unit number. (3-20-04)

04. Failure to Comply. The motor carrier's failure to submit trip logs quarterly, as required by Subsection 400.03, will result in the revocation of all pilot project permits issued to the carrier. Upon submission of all delinquent trip logs, new permits may be issued. (3-20-04)

401. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 23**

39.03.23 - RULES GOVERNING REVOCATION OF SPECIAL PERMITS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by Sections 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, Idaho Code, is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1004, Idaho Code. (10-2-89)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

This rule identifies the circumstances when a permit can be revoked. (10-2-89)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (10-2-89)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. REVOCATION OF PERMIT FOR UNSAFE EQUIPMENT, FOR MOVING VIOLATIONS, OR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE LIMITATIONS OR PROVISIONS OF THE PERMIT.

01. Invalidation and Disqualification of Permits. The special permit shall become invalid and the cited vehicle may be disqualified for reissuance of special permits if: (10-2-89)

a. The vehicle combination does not satisfy the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations Part 393. The permit may be restored to the permittee when repairs or corrections are made to the satisfaction of the inspecting officer. (8-25-94)

b. The permittee is apprehended exceeding size or weight limits or other provisions specified on the permit. (10-2-89)

c. The permittee is convicted of violation of size or weight limits (Sections 49-1001 and 49-1010, Idaho Code), of posted speed limits, or of any speed limit specified on the permit, or in violation of any of the following traffic regulations: reckless or inattentive driving, illegal passing or illegal turning movements. Forfeiture of bail shall be treated the same as a conviction for the purpose of this section. (10-2-89)

d. The permittee is apprehended during transportation of a manufactured home or office trailer on it's own axles when wind velocity exceeds twenty (20) miles per hour. (8-25-94)

e. The permittee is apprehended while transporting a manufactured home, modular building or office trailer not in compliance with registration or property tax requirements of Section 49-422, Idaho Code. (8-25-94)

f. The permittee, in the case of manufactured home, modular building and office trailer transporters or extra-length operators, is not able to provide proof of insurance. Reissuance of the permit may be accomplished by providing satisfactory evidence of insurance to the P.O.E. or other enforcement officer. (8-25-94)

g. The operator of an extra-length vehicle combination demonstrates non-compliance with Rule 39.03.22, Subsection 200.05, resulting in a spin-out or other loss of traction or control during hazardous road and weather conditions. (12-26-90)

h. The permitted extra-length vehicle combination is apprehended on state highways not designated for extra-length operations. (10-2-89)

02. Confiscation of Permits. When a special permit has become invalid because of non-compliance with the limits and provisions on the face of the permit, the apprehending officer may confiscate the permit, and if so, must forward it to the Vehicle Size and Weight Specialist. The movement shall not proceed until a new permit is obtained unless directed by the officer in order to protect the public interest. An exception will allow the officer, in the case of non-compliance with weight distribution as established on the permit, to honor the permit if the permittee can make loading adjustments to satisfy the requirements of the permit. (8-25-94)

03. Disqualification Periods. When a permit has become invalid, the vehicle identified on the confiscated permit may be disqualified for reapplication for permit for a period of thirty (30) days after the first violation, for a period of six (6) months after the second violation, and for a period of one (1) year after the third violation. (10-2-89)

04. Penalties. In addition to revocation of permits as authorized in this rule, the permittee shall be subject to all applicable penalties provided by law with regard to the provisions violated. (8-25-94)

101. -- 199. (RESERVED).

200. PERMITTEE RESPONSIBLE FOR INJURY TO PERSONS OR PROPERTY.

The permittee shall assume all responsibility for injury to persons or damage to public or private property caused directly or indirectly by the transportation of a vehicle or vehicle and load under special permit; and he shall hold harmless the Department and all its officers, agents, employees, and servants from all suits, claims, damages or proceedings, of any kind, as a direct or indirect result of the transportation of the overlegal vehicle or vehicle with overlegal load. (10-2-89)

201. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 24**

39.03.24 - RULES GOVERNING SELF-PROPELLED SNOWPLOWS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

The rule is adopted under authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-1004, Idaho Code.(12-26-90)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

01. Title. This rule shall be cited as IDAPA 39.03.24, "Rules Governing Self-Propelled Snowplows," IDAPA 39, Title 03, Chapter 24. (4-5-00)

02. Scope. Self-propelled snowplows cannot comply with the safety requirements as other oversize loads due to the nature of their operation. Therefore, this rule is promulgated to state the regulations and safety requirements for overwidth self-propelled snowplows operating under overlegal permit authority. The self-propelled snowplows will be permitted at the rates listed in Rule 39.03.21, "Rules Governing Special Permit Fees," for oversize loads.(4-5-00)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (12-26-90)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS FOR OPERATION OF SELF-PROPELLED SNOWPLOWS ON THE STATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM.

01. Maximum Width. The maximum width of the self-propelled snowplows utilized to clear roads, streets and other locations of snow or debris shall be eight (8) feet six (6) inches and the maximum width of the blade mounted on this vehicle shall be fourteen (14) feet as measured normal to the direction of travel. (8-25-94)

02. No Pilot/Escort Vehicles Required. Self-propelled snowplows utilized to clear roads, streets and other locations of snow or debris may operate with no escort vehicles required twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, including holidays.(4-5-00)

03. Warning Flags. A twelve (12) inch by twelve (12) inch red or fluorescent orange flag shall be mounted near the extremities of the blade if it exceeds eight (8) feet six (6) inches in width. (4-5-00)

04. Clearance Light or Reflector Requirements. When operating during hours of darkness, a clearance light or a clearance reflector which meets the specifications listed in Sections 49-910 and 49-911, Idaho Code, shall be mounted near the extremities of the blade if the blade exceeds eight (8) feet six (6) inches in width. (8-25-94)

101. -- 999. (RESERVED).

**IDAPA 39
TITLE 03
CHAPTER 25**

39.03.25 - RULES GOVERNING LIGHTS ON SNOW REMOVAL EQUIPMENT

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule is adopted under the authority of Sections 40-312 and 49-929, Idaho Code.
(9-4-91)

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

This rule specifies and standardizes the lighting systems on snow removal equipment. These specifications and standards supersede Administrative Policy A-05-26 (dated 06-23-82) and Board Policy B-05-26 (dated 6-16-82).
(9-4-91)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED).

010. DEFINITIONS.

Snow Removal Equipment - Any private or publicly-owned vehicle classified as a motorized vehicle as defined in Section 49-123, Idaho Code, that has been equipped with snow removal equipment and is being used for snow removal on any public highway.
(9-4-91)

011. -- 099. (RESERVED).

100. LIGHTING STANDARDS.

01. Headlamps, Turn Signals, and Flashing Lights. Headlamps, turn signals and flashing lights shall be mounted on snow removal equipment at sufficient height to clear all snow removal apparatus.
(9-4-91)

02. Visibility Requirements. Flashing identification lights on snow removal equipment must be amber colored, and mounted on the cab or truck bed. They shall be mounted so as to be visible from the front and rear regardless of vehicle configuration, for example, when the truck bed is raised. Flashing lights shall be visible from a distance of not less than one thousand (1,000) feet in normal sunlight, and not less than two thousand five hundred (2,500) feet under average visibility conditions at night.
(9-4-91)

03. Lights to Meet Idaho Code Requirements. Tail lamps, stop lamps and clearance lamps on snow removal equipment must meet standards specified in appropriate sections of the Idaho Code.
(9-4-91)

101. -- 999. (RESERVED).