

39.03.05 – RULES GOVERNING SPECIAL PERMITS – OVERSIZE NON-REDUCIBLE

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule, governing the movement of vehicles or loads that are in excess of the sizes allowed by Sections 49-940, 49-1001, 49-1002, 49-1004, or 49-1010, Idaho Code, is adopted under the authority of Section 49-201 and 49-312, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)

001. PURPOSE.

This rule states the requirements for the movement of oversize loads. (3-31-22)

002. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. DEFINITIONS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Special Permits," for definitions of the terms used in this rule. (3-31-22)

011. -- 049. (RESERVED)

050. SAFETY INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERSIZE VEHICLES AND/OR LOADS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.03, "Rules Governing Special Permits – General Conditions and Requirements," for conditions required in this rule. (3-31-22)

051. -- 059. (RESERVED)

060. BRAKES.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.03, "Rules Governing Special Permits – General Conditions and Requirements," for conditions required in this rule. (3-31-22)

061. -- 069. (RESERVED)

070. GENERAL OVERSIZE LIMITATIONS.

01. Maximum Dimensions Allowed. The maximum dimensions of oversize vehicles or oversize loads depends on the character of the route to be traveled: width of roadway, alignment and sight distance, vertical or horizontal clearance, and traffic volume. (3-31-22)

02. Practical Minimum Dimension of Load. Oversize loads will be reduced to a practical minimum dimension. Except where noted below, permits will not be issued to exceed legal size if the load is more than one (1) unit in width, height, or length that results in them exceeding legal overhang. Additionally, permits will not be utilized for multiple unit loads that may be re-positioned to meet legal dimensions established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)

03. Multiple Overwidth Loads on Single or Double Trailers. Multiple non-reducible loads may be transported on double trailer combinations not exceeding seventy-five (75') feet combination length and single trailers not exceeding fifty-three (53') feet exclusive of load overhang. (3-31-22)

04. Overwidth Overhang. Overwidth loads will distribute overhang to the sides of the trailer as evenly as possible. (3-31-22)

05. Oversize. Special permits may be issued for continuous operation to haul or transport nonreducible loads having specified maximum oversize dimensions provided such permits for multiple trips can maintain the same measure of protection to highway facilities and to the traveling public as is provided by single trip permits. (3-31-22)

a. Permits for continuous operation, oversize only. (3-31-22)

i. Permits for continuous operation will be issued to one (1) specified power unit. The permittee may tow various units with the specified power unit, either as towaway vehicles or as trailers hauling oversize loads. Oversize loads will be nonreducible in width, length, or height. In the case of specially constructed equipment, mounted on a towed vehicle, or if the towed vehicle is only hauling an oversize but not overweight load, the permit may be issued to the towed vehicle. (3-31-22)

ii. Maximum size of loads or vehicles transported under authority of an annual oversize for black and interstate routes will be limited to a width of sixteen (16') feet, a height of fifteen feet six inches (15'6"), and to a combination length of one hundred ten (110') feet including load overhang. Annual oversize permits for red coded routes will be limited to a width of twelve feet six inches (12'6"). A current Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map will accompany such permits for extended operations and is considered to be a part of the permit. (3-31-22)

06. Passing Lane Must Be Provided. Except for short movements in urban areas, and on routes having very low Average Daily Traffic (ADT), permits will not be issued for a load of such dimension that continuous passage of opposing traffic and frequent passing of following traffic cannot be maintained. Ten (10') feet or more of travelway should be provided for passage of traffic unless there are frequent turnouts, intersections, etc., to provide relief of accumulated traffic to the rear. (3-31-22)

071. – 079. (RESERVED)

080. OVERWIDTH HAULING VEHICLES, RESTRICTIONS.

01. Width of Hauling Equipment. Special permits may be issued for up to ten (10') foot wide trailers hauling non-reducible loads smaller than ten (10') feet wide. The permit issued for oversize loads being hauled on oversize equipment will be valid for the unladen movement and the laden movement, which will not include commodities either to or from the point of loading or unloading of the oversize load. (3-31-22)

02. Load Dimensions. Any load exceeding the dimensions of the trailer will be non-reducible in size. (3-31-22)

03. Hauling Equipment in Excess of Ten Feet. Special overwidth hauling vehicles exceeding ten (10') feet in width will be permitted, and may be required, in the hauling of excessively heavy loads to improve the lateral distribution of weight, or when a combination of weight, width, or height makes extra width in the hauling vehicle desirable in the public interest. The use of such vehicles more than ten (10') feet in width will be restricted to loads requiring an overwidth hauling vehicle and the backhaul permit shall be for the unladen vehicle. (3-31-22)

04. Buildings. Buildings that are too wide to be safely transported on legal-width hauling vehicles will be moved either on house moving dollies or on trailers that can be reduced to legal width for unladen travel. (3-31-22)

081. – 089. (RESERVED)

090. GENERAL CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

01. Required Conditions. Refer to IDAPA 39.03.03, "Rules Governing Special Permits – General Conditions and Requirements," for conditions required for the issuance of special permits. (3-31-22)

02. Required Stops. All oversize vehicles are required to stop at all POE sites for inspection. (3-31-22)

091. – 099. (RESERVED)

100. LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERSIZE VEHICLES AND/OR LOADS TRAVELING AFTER DARK.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.03, "Rules Governing Special Permits – General Conditions and Requirements," for conditions in this rule. (3-31-22)

101. – 199. (RESERVED)

200. FLAGGING REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERSIZE VEHICLES AND/OR LOADS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.03, "Rules Governing Special Permits – General Conditions and Requirements," for conditions in this rule. (3-31-22)

201. – 299. (RESERVED)

300. SIGNING REQUIREMENTS OF TOWING VEHICLES, OVERSIZE VEHICLES AND/OR LOADS.

Oversize load signs will meet the following specifications: (3-31-22)

01. Dimensions. A minimum of twelve (12") inches high by five (5') feet wide and eight (8") inch high letters, one (1") inch stroke width and black letters on yellow background. (3-31-22)

02. Displaying Signs. Signs will be displayed on: (3-31-22)

a. The front or the roof top of the towing vehicle and the rear of the oversize load; or (3-31-22)

b. The front and back or the roof top of self-propelled oversize vehicles. (3-31-22)

03. When Signs Are Required. Oversize load signs will be required on all vehicles and/or loads exceeding legal width or vehicle combinations inclusive of loads that exceed seventy five (75') feet. Signs will not be displayed when the vehicle is empty and of legal dimensions. (3-31-22)

301. – 399. (RESERVED)

400. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLES.

Pilot/escort vehicle(s) will be furnished by the permittee and will be either passenger car(s), truck(s), or vehicles authorized by the Special Permit Office, however will not exceed sixteen (16,000) pounds. The truck(s) used as pilot/escort vehicle(s) will not be loaded in such a manner as to cause confusion to the public as to which vehicle is the one under escort. Vehicles towing trailers will not qualify as pilot/escort vehicles. (3-31-22)

01. Loads Over Sixteen Feet High. Height poles are necessary in the front of the pilot/escort vehicles leading all loads over sixteen (16') feet high with a non-metallic height pole deployed. (3-31-22)

02. Single Trip and Annual Permits. A pilot car is required for a Single Trip any time it is so stated in the escort section or restriction section of the permit. Annual Permit holders will require a pilot car in accordance with the Pilot/Escort Vehicle Travel Requirement and Vertical Clearance of Structures Map in relation to their size and route. (3-31-22)

401. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLE SIGN REQUIREMENTS.

01. Oversize Load Signs. All pilot/escort vehicles while escorting an oversize load will display a sign on the roof top of the vehicle having the words OVERSIZE LOAD. Such signs will not be displayed and will be considered illegal except when the pilot/escort vehicle is actually piloting/escorting an oversize load. (3-31-22)

02. Dimensions. Twelve (12") inches high by five (5') feet wide and eight (8") inch high letters, one (1") inch stroke width, and black letters on yellow background. (3-31-22)

402. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLE LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS.

01. Multiple Lights. Flashing or rotating amber lights displayed on the pilot/escort vehicle will be mounted at each end of the necessary OVERSIZE LOAD sign above the roofline of the vehicle and be visible from the front, rear, and sides of the pilot/escort vehicle. These lights will meet the minimum standards outlined under oversize vehicle and/or load lighting requirements and will be on at all times during escorting movements. (3-31-22)

02. Single Light. As an alternate, a pilot/escort vehicle may display one (1) rotating or flashing amber beacon visible from a minimum of five hundred (500') feet, mounted above the roofline and visible from the front, and rear, and sides of the pilot/escort vehicle. The light will be on at all times during escorting movements. (3-31-22)

03. Light Bars. Light bars, when in use will display amber colored lights meeting the minimum visibility requirements, found in IDAPA 39.03.03, "Rules Governing Special Permits – General Conditions and Requirements," Section 070. (3-31-22)

04. Pilot/Escort Lights On During Movement of Escorted Load. The pilot/escort vehicle's headlights and taillights will be on while escorting the permitted load. (3-31-22)

403. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLE EQUIPMENT.

01. Required Equipment to be Carried in a Pilot/Escort Vehicle. A pilot/escort vehicle will carry the following items of equipment when piloting/escorting an over dimensional vehicle and/or load. (3-31-22)

- a. Standard eighteen (18") inch STOP and SLOW paddle sign. (3-31-22)
- b. Three (3) bi-directional emergency reflective triangles. (3-31-22)
- c. A minimum of one (1) five (5) pound B, C, fire extinguisher. (3-31-22)
- d. An ANSI Class 2 or 3 safety vest, shirt, or jacket either orange or yellow, which will be worn by the operator when working out of the vehicle during daylight hours. An ANSI Class3 safety vest, shirt or jacket either orange or yellow, which will be worn by the operator when working out of the vehicle during nighttime hours. (3-31-22)
- e. Two (2) spare oversize load signs for escorted loads meeting the size requirements of Section 300 of these rules. (3-31-22)
- f. Non-conductive non-destructive height pole with a flexible tip on the front of the pilot/escort vehicle for determining vertical clearances (when required). (3-31-22)
- g. Valid drivers license. (3-31-22)
- h. Two-Way Radio. (3-31-22)
- i. Hardhat. (3-31-22)
- j. Flashlight (operable). (3-31-22)
- k. First Aid Kit. (3-31-22)

02. Two-Way Radio. On all movements necessitating a pilot/escort vehicle, both the towing unit and the pilot/escort vehicle(s) will be equipped with two-way radio equipment licensed under Federal Communications Commission regulations adequate to provide reliable voice communication between the drivers thereof at all times during the movement of the piloted/escorted vehicle and/or load. Transmitting and receiving capabilities of the radio equipment used will be adequate to provide the required communication over a minimum distance of one-half (1/2) mile separation under conditions normally encountered along the proposed route. (3-31-22)

404. PILOT/ESCORT VEHICLE PLACEMENT.

01. Front Pilot/Escort Vehicle. The movement of an oversize vehicle and/or load may be preceded by a pilot/escort vehicle on those sections of highway where the vehicle and/or load cannot travel within its proper travelway lane. (3-31-22)

02. Rear Pilot/Escort Vehicle. As authorized by Section 49-940, Idaho Code, when the width of a load obstructs the driver's view to the rear so they cannot see two hundred (200') feet behind them, a rear escort will be necessary to accompany the oversize load and to communicate with the driver of the permitted load concerning impeded overtaking traffic for the purpose of providing passing opportunity. (3-31-22)

03. Advance Pilot/Escort Vehicle. A third pilot/escort vehicle may be required when the load is of such extreme dimensions for the route of travel as to require holding opposing traffic at turnouts and intersections to provide for passage of the load. (3-31-22)

04. First Movement from the Forest. A pilot/escort vehicle is not required on the first movement from the forest of tree-length logs or poles if the overall length does not exceed one hundred ten (110') feet. Secondary movements must comply with the requirements stated on the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements map. (3-31-22)

05. Spacing. Approximately one thousand (1,000') feet will be maintained in rural areas between the piloting/escorting vehicle and any oversize load. This spacing may be reduced in urban areas when necessary to provide traffic control for turning movements. (3-31-22)

405. – 499. (RESERVED)

500. TIME OF TRAVEL RESTRICTIONS FOR SPECIAL LOADS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.04, "Rules Governing Special Permits – Overweight Non-Reducible," for conditions required in this rule. (3-31-22)

501. – 549. (RESERVED)

550. MOVEMENT, TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS, LOADING, PARKING ON STATE HIGHWAYS.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.04, "Rules Governing Special Permits – Overweight Non-Reducible," for conditions required in this rule. (3-31-22)

01. Additional District Approval and Allowance for Approval Time. District approval will be obtained by the Special Permit office and may require up to twenty-four (24) working hours. District approval is required when vehicles or loads exceed: (3-31-22)

- a. Sixteen (16') feet wide on red coded routes; (3-31-22)
- b. Eighteen (18') feet wide on black coded routes and interstate highways; (3-31-22)
- c. Sixteen (16') feet high on any route; or (3-31-22)
- d. One hundred twenty (120') feet long on any route. (3-31-22)

551. – 599. (RESERVED)

600. OVERWIDTH PERMITS FOR IMPLEMENTS OF HUSBANDRY.

01. Farm Tractors on Interstate Highways. Farm tractors transported on Interstate Highways are required to have special permit authority if width exceeds nine (9') feet. A farm tractor when attached to an implement of husbandry or when drawing an implement of husbandry will be construed to be an implement of

husbandry and no permit is necessary. Farmers, equipment dealers, or custom operators may be issued single trip or annual permits under this rule for transportation of farm tractors, having a width in excess of nine (9') feet to or from a farm involving Interstate Highway travel. The transportation of farm tractors or implements of husbandry for hire, or not being transported from one farm operation to another, is a common-carrier operation. Exemptions from legal width limitation do not apply to common-carrier operations. Farm tractors or implements of husbandry hauled for hire, or used in the furtherance of a business (not to include farming operations), are subject to the same special permit regulations as other oversize loads when the width of the load exceeds legal-width limitations, and must operate under oversize permits. (3-31-22)

02. Other Than Farm to Farm. Implements of husbandry exceeding eight feet six inches (8'6") in width being transported other than from one (1) farm operation to another farm operation will require special permits except when the farmer or their designated agents, including without limitation, equipment dealers transporting implements of husbandry and equipment for the purpose of: (3-31-22)

a. The repair or maintenance of such implements of husbandry and equipment when traveling to or from a farm to a repair or maintenance facility during daylight hours; or (3-31-22)

b. The purchase, sale, lease or rental of such implements of husbandry or equipment when traveling between a farm and a dealership, auction house, or other facility during daylight hours. (3-31-22)

03. Farm Permits. **Single trip permits must be ordered at the permit office.** Annual permits will be issued to towing units or to self-propelled farm tractors or towed units, or blanket permits may be issued to an Idaho domicile applicant without vehicle identification. Such blanket permits may be transferred from one (1) vehicle to another vehicle but will be valid only when the permit is with the overwidth vehicle and/or load. A photocopy of the permit is valid, provided that the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map and Vertical Clearance of Structures Map furnished by the Idaho Transportation Department are included. Such annual permits for implements of husbandry or farm tractors are subject to the same maximum dimensions, travel time exclusions, and safety requirements as other overwidth annual permits **and are valid for continuous travel for twelve (12) consecutive months.** (3-31-22)

04. Overwidth Farm Trailers. Trailers or semi-trailers exceeding eight feet six inches (8' 6") wide, but not wider than the implement of husbandry, used for the transportation of implements of husbandry to or from a farm for agricultural operations, will be exempt from special permitting requirements. This exemption does not apply to trailers or semi-trailers used in common carrier operations, hauling for hire or used in the furtherance of a business (not to include farming operations). (3-31-22)

a. Exempt trailers, as listed above, may not be used to haul implements of husbandry that are narrower than the overwidth trailer. (3-31-22)

b. Empty trailers, as listed above, being used to pick up or drop off an implement of husbandry from a farm to a farm are also exempt and must be reduced to a practical minimum dimension (i.e. dropping side extensions). (3-31-22)

601. – 699. (RESERVED)

700. MANUFACTURED HOMES, MODULAR BUILDINGS, AND OFFICE TRAILERS.

01. Registration and Licensing Requirements. All manufactured homes moved on their own axles on any public highway are to be licensed, permanently or temporarily, with the exception of, new manufactured homes, being transported either prior to first sale at retail or to the initial setup location of the original purchaser. The manufactured home registration (if required) and general property tax receipt will be made available for inspection upon demand of any enforcement officer. (3-31-22)

02. Insurance Requirements. The permittee or the driver of the vehicle hauling or towing overwidth manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers will be required to carry evidence of general liability insurance in the permitted vehicle written by a company licensed in Idaho showing coverage in the minimum

amounts of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) when hauling permittee's own manufactured home. When hauling for hire permittee will carry a minimum amount of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000) insurance coverage, and have proper authority. (3-31-22)

03. Manufactured Homes, Modular Buildings, and Office Trailers Being Towed on Their Own Axles. (3-31-22)

a. Connection Device. Will meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, 49 CFR part 393. (3-31-22)

b. Length. Not in excess of eighty (80') feet including tongue. (3-31-22)

c. Width. Will be limited to a maximum of sixteen (16') feet at the base and will not exceed eighteen (18') feet overall width including the eaves, except on a case-by-case basis as approved by the Department. All movements with a base width in excess of sixteen (16') feet and an overall width in excess of eighteen (18') feet will submit a written request for movement of these units prior to being manufactured and a traffic control plan may also be necessary with the submission. Prior approval for the movement must be granted before a special permit is issued. Determination of manufactured home, modular building, or office trailer width will be exclusive of such appurtenances as clearance lights, door handles, window fasteners, door and window trim, moldings and load securement devices up to but not in excess of three (3") inches on each side of load. (3-31-22)

d. Eaves. No restrictions on eaves as long as the eighteen (18') feet maximum overall width limitation is not exceeded, or for those movements approved by the Department on a case-by-case basis. (3-31-22)

e. Weight. The maximum allowable load for any vehicle tire operated on any public highway will be in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, Title 24, Chapter 20, Office of Assistant Secretary for Housing - Federal Housing Commissioner, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Part 3280, Subpart J, (CFR Title 24). (3-31-22)

f. Running Gear Assembly – General. The entire system (frame, drawbar, and coupling mechanism, running gear assembly including brake systems, axles and lights) will be in accordance with CFR Title 24, for the year the manufactured home was built. In addition thereto, all tires used in transportation of manufactured homes under this category will be in accordance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, part 393. (3-31-22)

g. Construction. Construction will be in accordance with CFR Title 24, for the year the manufactured home was built. (3-31-22)

h. Axles. All axles will be in accordance with CFR Title 24, for the year the manufactured home was built, except that sixteen (16) foot wide (at the base) manufactured homes will be required to have a minimum of four (4) axles. (3-31-22)

i. Brakes. Brakes will be in accordance with CFR Title 24, for the year the manufactured home was built, except that sixteen (16) foot wide (at the base) manufactured homes will be required to have brakes on a minimum of three (3) axles. (3-31-22)

j. Lights. The unit will have stop lights, turn signals, and tail lights that meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, part 393. (3-31-22)

k. Safety Chains. Two (2) safety chains will be used, one (1) each on right and left sides of, but separate from, the coupling mechanism connecting the tow vehicle and the manufactured home while in transit. Chain will be three-eighths (3/8) inch diameter steel. Chains will be strongly fastened at each end to connect the tow vehicle and manufactured home and assure that in the event of a coupling failure the manufactured home will track behind the tow vehicle. (3-31-22)

04. Vehicles for Towing/Hauling Manufactured Homes, Modular Buildings, and Office Trailers. (3-31-22)

Commented [BF1]: Further defined in new rule.

a. Towing Vehicle. Tow vehicles for manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers will comply with the following minimum requirements:

Manufactured Homes and Office Trailers Width	Tire Width	Drive Axle Tire Rating	Min. Unladen Weight	Rear Axle Rating
Over 8 feet to 10 feet	7.00 inches	6 Ply	6,000#	None
Over 10 feet to 12 feet	8.00 inches	8 Ply	8,000#	15,000#
Over 12 feet	8.25 inches	10 Ply	12,000#	15,000#

(3-31-22)

b. Brakes. Will be in accordance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations part 393. (3-31-22)

c. Rear Axle. Towing vehicle will have a minimum of a single axle with dual mounted tires. (3-31-22)

d. Connection Device. Will meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, part 393. (3-31-22)

e. Horsepower Requirement. When towing/hauling a manufactured home, modular building, or office trailer a minimum speed of twenty-five (25) mph will be maintained. (3-31-22)

f. Operator Requirements. Operators of vehicles towing manufactured homes, modular buildings and office trailers over ten (10') feet wide at the base will have a class A or B Commercial Driver's License (CDL) as appropriate. (3-31-22)

g. Speed Limit Requirements. Vehicles towing manufactured homes or office trailers on their own axles will be limited to a maximum of sixty (60) miles per hour. (3-31-22)

05. Manufactured Home, Modular Building, Or Office Trailer Being Hauled. (3-31-22)

a. Length. Not in excess of eighty (80') feet. (3-31-22)

b. Width. Not in excess of sixteen (16') feet at the base and eighteen (18') feet overall, except on a case-by-case basis as approved by the Department. All movements with a base width in excess of sixteen (16') feet and an overall width in excess of eighteen (18') feet must submit a written request for movement of these units prior to being manufactured and a traffic control plan may also be required with the submission. Prior approval for the movement must be granted before a special permit is issued. (3-31-22)

c. Eaves. No restrictions on eaves as long as the eighteen (18') foot maximum overall width limitation is not exceeded, or for those movements approved by the department on a case-by-case basis. (3-31-22)

701. – 729. (RESERVED)

730. HAULING EQUIPMENT FOR A MANUFACTURED HOME, MODULAR BUILDING, OR OFFICE TRAILER.

01. Hauling Equipment. Vehicles used to haul manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers will be combinations designed to meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations for vehicles engaged in interstate commerce. Such vehicles will be of structural capacity to safely accommodate the loading at all times. (3-31-22)

02. Lights. The unit will have stop lights, turn signals, and tail lights that meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, part 393. (3-31-22)

03. Securing Loads. A minimum of four (4) steel, three fourths (3/4") inch diameter bolts will be used to directly connect the main support members of the modular building, manufactured home, or office trailer to the support frame of moving equipment. Two (2) bolts each will be located not less than twelve (12') feet from the forward and rear ends of the modular building, manufactured home or office trailer. Each of the four (4) bolts will be at least four (4') feet apart. Equivalent methods of fastening, such as chains or binders, may be used as alternatives. (3-31-22)

731. – 749. (RESERVED)

750. GENERAL PROVISIONS – MANUFACTURED HOMES, MODULAR BUILDINGS, AND OFFICE TRAILER.

01. Paneling of Open Sides of Multi-Section Modular Buildings, Manufactured Homes, or Office Trailers. Will be rigid material, or six (6) mil plastic sheathing (or stronger) backed by a grillwork to prevent billowing and fully enclose open sides of section in transit. (3-31-22)

02. Interior Loading. If the manufactured home, modular building, or office trailer is to transport furnishings or other loose objects, they will be secured in position for safe travel. (3-31-22)

03. Construction. Modular buildings will be constructed in accordance with the Uniform Building Code as applies to design and construction requirements that will affect overall structural strength and roadability. Manufactured homes and office trailers will be constructed in accordance with Federal HUD Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards. (3-31-22)

751. – 799. (RESERVED)

800. RELOCATION OF BUILDING OR HOUSES – GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

01. Buildings Exceeding Sixteen Feet Wide. Special permits for the transportation of buildings or houses having a basic width in excess of sixteen (16') feet will be limited to the relocation of previously used buildings. The transportation of new, centrally manufactured houses, buildings, building sections, mobile or modular homes, etc., may be denied special permits if the width at the base is in excess of sixteen (16') feet. (3-31-22)

02. Requirements for Permit. The requirements of each permit for relocation of a used building or house will depend on the dimensions of the load as well as a consideration of the width and alignment of the roadway, passing opportunity for the traveling public, vertical or horizontal clearance of bridges or other structures along the route of travel, and traffic volumes. (3-31-22)

03. Additional Restrictions Relating to Movement of Buildings and Houses: (3-31-22)

a. Excessively Oversize Loads. Excessively oversized loads will be restricted to the time of day, or day of the week, when traffic interference will be at a minimum. (3-31-22)

b. Buildings. Time of travel of loads in the building size category will be restricted to the time of day and/or day of the week when traffic interference will be at a minimum. (3-31-22)

c. Early Morning Moves. In metropolitan areas and in certain other cases where a serious disruption of traffic would otherwise be unavoidable, the movement of excessively oversized buildings may be permitted, at the discretion of the District Engineer, between 2 a.m. and daybreak to avoid traffic congestion. (3-31-22)

d. Overlength restrictions. Oversize vehicles operating under authority of a special permit that exceed seven (7') feet of front overhang, on any vehicle in the combination, are restricted to daylight travel only on two-lane, two-way highways. (3-31-22)

- e. Other time of travel restrictions may be noted on the permit due to special circumstances. (3-31-22)

801. – 849. (RESERVED)

850. VERTICAL CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS.

01. Permit for Over height. The issuance of any permit for movement of over height loads will be subject to the vertical clearance of any structure involved along the route of travel. The Department may require a minimum of twenty-four (24) working hours to allow for the proposed route to be evaluated and approved or denied. (3-31-22)

02. Overhead Traffic Signals. Any movement of a building, or other over height load, having a loaded height of sixteen feet six inches (16'6") or more may require advance notice if overhead traffic signals are involved in the route. (3-31-22)

03. Overhead Power Lines. Carriers whose load/vehicle combinations exceed seventeen (17') feet high must contact local utility company(s) for approval and assistance with power lines. (3-31-22)

851. – 869. (RESERVED)

870. INSURANCE AND BONDING REQUIREMENTS.

01. Insurance. The permittee when hauling buildings fourteen (14') feet or more in width will be required to carry evidence of insurance in the permitted vehicle in the same minimum amounts as is necessary for those permits issued for the movement of overwidth manufactured homes. Minimum requirements are three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) combined single limit, (when hauling permittee's own building) and seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000) when hauling for hire. (3-31-22)

02. Permittee Responsibility. The permittee will be responsible for the protection of sign-posts, guideposts, delineators, and may be required to post bond to cover the costs of repairs or replacements of such facilities. (3-31-22)

03. Bond Requirements. When an expense to the state can be presumed in providing clearance for an over height load, or for repair of signposts or other such facilities, a cash bond based on estimated costs to the State may be required before issuance of such permit. Any part of the cash bond in excess of material costs, labor, and equipment rental will be returned to the permittee after the actual costs to the State have been determined and deducted. (3-31-22)

871. FEES.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.03, "Rules Governing Special Permits – General Conditions and Requirements," for conditions required for the issuance of special permits. (3-31-22)

872. – 889. (RESERVED)

890. APPLICATION FOR PERMIT.

Refer to IDAPA 39.03.04, "Rules Governing Special Permits – Overweight Non-Reducible," for conditions required for the issuance of special permits. (3-31-22)

891. – 899. (RESERVED)

900. CONVOY OF OVERSIZE LOADS.

01. Convoying Oversize Loads. Oversize loads that individually would require a pilot/escort vehicle, except overwidth manufactured homes, office trailers, and modular buildings, may be permitted to travel in convoy with pilot/escort vehicles in front of and behind the convoy, but such convoys will not exceed four (4) oversize loads

or vehicles between pilot/escort vehicles. Maximum width of units in a convoy will be limited to fourteen (14') feet wide on black-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map and to twelve feet six inches (12'6") on red-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map. Oversize loads that do not individually require a pilot/escort vehicle may travel in convoy without pilot/escort vehicles. Maximum length of units in a convoy will be limited to one hundred (100') feet on black-coded routes and seventy-five (75') feet on red-coded routes of the pilot/escort vehicle and travel time requirements map and one hundred twenty (120') feet on the interstate system. (3-31-22)

02. Convoying Manufactured Homes, Office Trailers, and Modular Buildings. No convoy of overwidth manufactured homes, modular buildings, or office trailers will include more than two (2) units between two (2) piloting/escorting vehicles. On those routes where pilot/escort vehicles are required in front and to the rear of an overwidth manufactured home or office trailer, two (2) units may travel in convoy between such piloting/escorting vehicles. On routes requiring only a front pilot/escort vehicle, the manufactured home or office trailer mover may have the option of convoying two (2) units between front and rear pilots/escorts. At no time will more than one (1) manufactured home or office trailer be piloted/escorted by one (1) pilot/escort vehicle. Maximum width of units in a convoy will be limited to fourteen (14') feet wide on black-coded routes and to ten (10') feet wide on red-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map. Minimum spacing of approximately one thousand (1,000') feet will be maintained between all units in a convoy except when a pilot/escort is necessary to control traffic in turning movements. Maximum length of units in a convoy will be limited to one hundred (100') feet on black-coded routes and seventy-five (75') feet on red-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time Requirements Map and one hundred twenty (120') feet on the interstate system. (3-31-22)

901. – 999. (RESERVED)